



Established in 1869.

"Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN.

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BELLEFONTE, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 27, 1884.

NO. 33.

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer. Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Republican National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES G. BLAINE,
OF MAINE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
JOHN A. LOGAN,
OF ILLINOIS.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,
GEN. E. S. OSBORNE,
OF LUKE COUNTY.

Republican County Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE,
A. O. FURST.

[Subject to the decision of Republican Judicial Conference.]

For Assembly.—{ JOHN G. LOVE,
For Sheriff.—H. G. ROYER.
For Prothonotary.—H. G. ELDER.
For Treasurer.—LEWIS HESS.
For Register.—WILLIAM L. FOSTER.
For Recorder.—H. F. CHANEY.
For Commissioners.—{ H. C. CAMPBELL,
J. C. HENDERSON.
For Auditors.—{ GEORGE TAYLOR,
S. H. BENNINGSON.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

REGISTER before September 4.

REGISTER before the close of the 4th day of September.

STRANGER things than the withdrawal of Cleveland have happened in the political world.

THE religious papers are just more than getting over the fence. Cleveland is too much for them.

VOTE for the Republican county ticket. It is superior in every respect to the one nominated by the Democrats.

We shall not be at all surprised if a gentleman named Royer is elected next November to occupy the Sheriff's mansion.

CLEVELAND has nothing to say about either the Mormons or the tariff. Perhaps he has a fellow-feeling for the Mormons.

WITH a splendid county ticket and the best possible National ticket, Centre county Republicans never had a better chance to show their strength.

Was it because he expected to withdraw that Cleveland said so little? Did he think it was only a waste of time and ink to write a long letter?

In his letter Cleveland said: "Our workingmen are not asking unreasonable indulgence." Then why veto the five cent fare bill, Mr. Cleveland?

LET every Republican see to it that he is registered and that any other Republican whom he knows is also registered. Do not delay this beyond September 4.

HENDRICKS' letter was brief because it would be a breach of etiquette to show that he can write a more extended communication on important subjects than his chief.

AS now arranged, four of the congressional districts in Virginia gave coalition majorities in the gubernatorial election of 1881, and two others were carried by the Bourbons by less than 800 majority each.

THE Watchman says it won't print any scandal this year and in the next column gives publicity to the most infamous scandal of the present campaign. Like the Democratic party, it says one thing and does another.

CONGRESSMAN LOVERIN, of the Sixth Massachusetts District, one of the tidal wave Democrats from that State, is said to be in doubt whether to support Butler or Cleveland. As he wants to go back to Congress, he will be compelled to show the color of his Democracy.

"Voted Down."

Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, of Massachusetts, has issued a letter to his constituents accepting the presidential nominations tendered to him. He gives our own party and also the Democratic party abundance of criticism, but is especially caustic in reference to the latter party. We cannot resist the temptation to quote a few of his remarks. Of the tariff trouble in the Democratic convention, he says:

Then ensued in the committee a struggle of many hours so to frame a tariff plank that should appear to say what mine said, and yet not say it, and appear to say the contrary, and yet not say it: like the Western hunter who tried to shoot his rifle at something he dimly saw stirring in a bush, so as to hit it if it was a deer and miss it if it was a calf.

With this struggle of ingenuity and deception, as if for a prize, of course I had nothing to do, but simply stood by my guns. My resolutions were never again vetoed upon in the committee nor was the tariff resolution in the words in which it was presented to the Convention agreed upon in the sub-committee at all, but was amended after it was presented to the general committee. It will be observed that mine was substantially the Ohio tariff plank which, when offered by Mr. Converse in general committee, was also voted down, although it had been adopted by many State Conventions.

Mr. Butler, it seems, tried to do his duty in the convention and made at least a dozen attempts to influence the convention to adopt some measures of real reform. We can't quote all but among other things he says:

I also presented a resolution declaring that the legal tender currency, under the decision of the Supreme Court, was now the constitutional currency of the country, and should not be interfered with; and that business interests should not be disturbed by financial speculation.

That also was voted down in the committee, and a resolution passed that the Democracy were in favor of honest money. This was intended to be and is an insult to every friend of constitutional currency, and was presented by one of the most narrow-minded of capitalists.

I also offered a resolution that all monopolies, as they tend to make two classes, the very rich and the very poor, were hurtful to the people of the republic. Voted down.

I also offered a resolution that the agents of the Government whether state or national, incorporated to do public business, were the servants of the people and should be regulated by the power that created them.

This resolution seemed necessary because the contrary had lately been enunciated from a high source as a proposition of constitutional law to which I can not agree.

That was voted down. Another resolution that it was the duty of Congress to provide by law that railroads should not make discriminating rates so as to enhance the price of the necessities of life between the producer and consumer. That suffered the same fate.

Again, a resolution declaring the public lands to be the heritage of the people, and that ought to be held in small quantities for that purpose only, and another resolution that public lands were held in trust by the Government for those who became citizens of the United States, and ought not to be permitted to be monopolized in large areas by corporations and the aristocracy of Europe.

Both voted down.

Again, a resolution that the United States will not permit a ship canal to be built across the Isthmus of Panama without its consent, except that it will exercise the right to take possession of it whenever the necessity of the country demands.

That, too, was voted down.

Through the courtesy of the Chairman of the committee, and by personal intercession, I obtained the boon of thirty minutes to present and discuss a charter of the people's rights at an hour crowding on midnight, but before it could be printed and laid before the Convention, and with the refusal of the Convention to adjourn to the morning before a vote was taken upon them. So eager were the members to get at their work of predestined nomination.

And such a Convention has been called a deliberative body?

It is true that it spent days upon the unit rule, which required a man's vote to be cast against his conscience and judgment, in spite of his protest, by others, and days in trying to settle the internal dimensions of the machine politics of a single State; but it could give thirty minutes only to the discussion of principles for the government of the nation. I therefore could substantially present but one plank, the most important of all, the protection of the American laborer and producer, without which, in my judgment, there can be no prosperity to this country.

And this was voted down in the

Convention by a vote of 712½ to 97½. I will not omit the fact that in the platform adopted there were certain sweet phrases used toward the foreign-born citizen. There were certain honeyed words, over and over repeated, in order that their repetition might seem like earnest advocacy put in favor of labor and upon some of the topics of our platform. But I do claim, and submit to the just judgment of the people, that, comparing the two platforms and taking the action of the convention, every claim of the Anti-Monopolist and of the National Greenback and Labor men was so contemptuously rejected or so thoroughly smothered by platitudes which would permit any financial theorist or any monopolist to subscribe to the majority platform, that it is most apparent on the face of the resolutions that they were simply resolutions of expedients to catch votes by indirection, deception, and illusion, not declarations of those high principles which should form the basis of the united action of a great party of the people.

We heard a man say on Thursday that he won't vote for Blaine because he has a bad record, but was unable to tell us in what that "bad record" consists. The truth is that Blaine's public and private records are unimpeachable. The late Judge Black, who was the most intelligent and honest man in the Democratic party, pronounced Blaine's public record entirely clear and pure and those who say otherwise dishonor the memory of that great man. So far as the Mulligan letters are concerned, the objectionable part is entirely on the construction Democrats put on one or two sentences. In other things business men acknowledge that his transactions were in all particulars governed by principle. On the other hand, Cleveland has little or no public record and that consists almost entirely in vetoes of reform legislation, while his private record is such as will make every pure man blush with shame. He is at the head of a party that has opposed every reform measure for years—the party that upheld slavery and now upholds Mormonism. Every man who favors American prosperity, purity and honesty owes a debt of gratitude to Blaine and should give him his earnest support. We confess that we shall be ashamed of our country if a man like Cleveland is ever elevated to the Presidency.

THE Watchman published on Friday just as much of the scandal about Blaine as it dares to utter without constituting it a libel. It refers to the subject when the editor of that paper knows that the entire story is a lie merely invented to offset certain facts in Cleveland's life. The difference is that the Blaine scandal is declared by Henry Waterson, a prominent Democrat, and editor of the *Courier Journal*, to be utterly false, it dates back thirty years and an Indianapolis newspaper has already been prosecuted for giving publicity to it. No Republican or Democrat has dared to assert that the Blaine scandal is true. On the other hand, many Democrats have admitted the truth of the disgraceful incidents related of Cleveland, and have plead extenuating circumstances which only make it worse. In brief, the story told of Blaine is a scandal and a libel, while that concerning Cleveland is the truth.

THE State Lunacy Commission has already, by its useful labors, demonstrated its value and the presence of abuses which nothing but such a body could reform. The health of the State needs the same special attention. No other State with which Pennsylvania would be willing to accept comparison so utterly neglects the needs of health and leaves the wide abuses of modern life, like polluted streams, foul wells, adulterated food and local epidemics, without care, correction or remedy. A State Health Board would change this, and next Winter ought to see a law passed providing for one.

ARE you registered? Remember that September 4 is the last day for that to be done.

The Religious Press.

Of all the great religious newspapers that, early in the campaign, declared in favor of Cleveland for President, none were lauded so loudly by Democrats as the N. Y. *Independent*. But that really conscientious journal has repented of its hasty decision to support the Bolter-Democratic candidate and in its recent issue publishes one of the most scathing denunciations of Cleveland that we have read from any source. While the *Independent* does not now declare in favor of any candidate, it throws Cleveland overboard once and forever in the following vigorous article:

"We published last week, in our correspondence columns, a communication from Dr. Kinsley Twining, one of our editorial staff, giving the result of his investigation in regard to the Cleveland scandal. The grave and serious part of this scandal, which he declares that he found to be true, is that which imputes personal impurity to Mr. Cleveland in the specific instance that has come to the knowledge of the public. We cannot, in view of all the facts, resist the conclusion that this part of the scandal is true; and this is quite enough to determine our course.

"This damaging charge came upon us wholly unexpected and with the sudden, stunning force of a thunderbolt out of a clear sky. None were more surprised and overwhelmed by it than the Governor's friends and intimates among the Independents of Buffalo, and it was a case that called for thorough and fearless investigation.

"That we felt this in every fibre, and that we intended to impress this feeling on our readers, and to hold ourselves absolutely free to act as circumstances required, is the simple truth; and our silence as to the Cleveland nomination from that day was intended.

"We utterly refuse to accept two standards of characters. We repudiate with contempt the doctrine that a public man's private life is not to be inquired into. Dr. Twining's investigation went on the recognition of this principle.

"On this subject, as it now stands, we will not be slow to give advice. The conditions have wholly changed since the Independent Conference. Then we were ready with a real enthusiasm to support the tried and, as we then believed, honest reformer, Grover Cleveland. Now, without one word in derogation of his record as Governor of this State, our enthusiasm is wiped out by the discovery of the acknowledged and awful facts.

"We hence desire to have all our readers plainly understand, once for all, that whatever has been said in the editorial columns of the *Independent* favorable to the election of Gov. Cleveland was said prior to the recent sickening disclosures in regard to his private character, which have justly shocked the moral sense of all pure and right minded people. The attempt now to force such a candidate upon the people would, in our opinion, disgrace the party which nominated him, and the whole nation if he should be elected. We will have no hand or voice in helping on this matter, let the consequences be what they may, and we will not advise the readers of the *Independent* to smother their conscience and disgrace themselves by engaging directly or indirectly in any such movement.

"We are now in serious difficulty as a nation in regard to the unchecked progress of Mormonism; and shall we now, in the face of threatening evils and perils, plunge into a deeper gulf by any seeming indifference as to the private character of one who has been nominated to fill the highest office in the gift of the people? We say No! A thousand times No! Governor Cleveland should positively decline to be a candidate, and withdraw immediately from the canvass, and be compelled to do so if it is necessary. The party which nominated him through its chosen representatives should then reconvene and select a new ticket that will command the hearty support of the people of all parties.

There is time enough to do this, and there is no hope or safety in any other course. To stand still now, or attempt to go blindly forward with the present ticket, would, in our judgment, be an insult to the Ruler of Nations, sure death to the Democratic party, including also its leaders, and an everlasting disgrace to the Republic.

Other religious journals which are also denouncing Cleveland in unmeasured terms are: The *Congregationalist*, the leading religious newspaper of New England; the *S.*

Mary's Institute Journal, a Roman Catholic paper published at Amsterdam, N. Y., which calls for Cleveland's withdrawal from the ticket; the *Morning Star*, a Free Baptist newspaper printed in New Hampshire; a Methodist organ, the *Zion's Herald*; the *Christian Union*; the *Chicago Advance*, and the *Catholic Universe*, published in Cleveland, Ohio.

THE *Commercial Gazette*, of Pittsburgh, has received a communication from a Buffalo gentleman for whose responsibility it will vouch, which alludes to Cleveland's character and from which we quote a few sentences, asking respectable voters of all parties to consider them calmly and conclude whether or not they dare vote for Cleveland for President:

"The disgraceful affair in which the unfortunate Mrs. Halpin was a party was suppressed at the time by his friends, with the usual result—the man coming out with his head up, the woman forced into disgrace with her's down. Since his election as Governor of this great State he has spent a portion of his nights (while visiting this city) with his associates in debauchery. The Democratic party has everlastingly disgraced itself by nominating a candidate possessed of the lowest moral character for the highest office in the Nation. It cannot be possible but that they could have found one with better qualifications as to it, and also public experience, but the result of their convention is before us and I ask, Can any thoughtful father afford to vote to put a betrayer of woman at the head of the Government?"

THE French Constitutional Congress is disappointing the hopes and desires of people who want a "symmetrical" or "logical" form of government. The Constitution of 1875, now in force, at a good many points falls short of republican ideas; but it has given France a good working government. The successive small alterations and self-adjustments of the last nine years, which have changed its spirit without altering its text, are proofs that self-government is at last possible in France. No more hopeful sign of this could be offered than the tepid compromise under which the present revision was begun.

COTTON goods are selling now cheaper in all their lines than in 1860, and the excellence of their design and fabric has been greatly improved. At the same time, the planter gets more for his cotton, the farmer more for his wheat and the laborer in the cotton mill and out of it more for his labor than in 1860. This was predicted when Protection was adopted. It has come to pass, although few expected it. Can better proof of the wisdom of any policy be offered?

It will be a first rate thing for those who intend to vote for Blaine, to make sure that all conditions necessary to secure their right to vote, are complied with in time. Of course their names ought to be on the registry lists, but the fact they ought to be does not prove that they are, and each should see to it himself in time. Do not forget the last day for the correction of the registry.

THE silence of Senator Edmunds worries the Democrats infinitely more than it does the Republicans. Strange as it may seem, there are many intelligent Democratic brethren who possess the idiotic fancy that Mr. Edmunds proposes to make a political fool of himself this year.

It is now denied that any effort is to be made toward putting up the Irish vote of this country for sale to the highest bidder. Such a scheme could only have originated in the brain of a silly knave. There is nobody living who carries in his pocket the votes of an entire race.

THAT the Republicans have won a victory in Kentucky is a startling but significant bit of news. If Kentucky does so well what may be expected of West Virginia and Tennessee?

GENERAL NOTES.

The electric light is a failure in London.

There are 50,196 postoffices in the United States.

It is estimated that one voter in seven cannot write.

A 35-year-old resident of New Bedford, Mass., rides a bicycle.

There are 1,652 clerks in the Pension office at Washington.

Mail locks and keys cost the Government \$25,000 annually.

Two gallons of alcohol can be made from a bushel of corn or rye.

\$1,250,000 in gold bars recently arrived in New York from England.

Queen Victoria during her reign has added 185 titles to the peerage.

One animal in every 10 dies in the cattle cars between Chicago and New York.

The annual payroll of the United States Government amounts to \$20,509,536.95.

Watches are being smuggled into Canada in holes scooped in the centre of bibles.

Texas boasts of a potato shaped exactly like the human foot, even to the five toes.

A mosque near Soutari was lately entered by brigands and every person present robbed.

It is illegal to catch lotaters in the waters of Maine between August 15 and November 15.

The 200th anniversary of the settlement of Worcester, Mass., will be celebrated October 15.

The coming corn crop is estimated at 1,297,000,000 bushels, fifty per cent. greater than last year.

A former citizen of Georgia, his daughter, and two sons all died on August 4 in different years.

A common sign in British India reads: "Animals of all kinds stuffed on the shortest notice."

The peanut crop of Virginia will reach 2,800,000 bushels, an increase of 30 per cent. over last year.

There are one hundred and twenty-seven candidates for the thirteen sheriff's offices in Montana.

A Dakota woman has killed one saloon keeper, and compelled another to close at the point of her revolver.

West Virginia is discussing the project of removing the State University from Morgantown to Wheeling.

A large consignment of canned peas has lately been received in Toronto, which came directly from Toulon.

The new railroad cuttings about Bonger Hill, N. J., have opened up large deposits of old and rare minerals.

Animals with a broken limb have frequently been known to hold the injured member under water until it heals.

A Worcester, N. H., woman has sued a firm for \$10,000 who owned the boiler which blew up and killed her husband.

A minister at Morrisville, Vt., whose wife obtained a divorce on the ground of unexampled cruelty, has re-married her.

A Cuban lady at one of the Saratoga hotels is accompanied to each meal by a negro boy who fans the flies away from her.

Gander avenue and Goose lane are parts of Bester and Ludlow streets, New York, where Polish Jews live amidst great filth.

Eight million envelopes are made daily in the United States. The work is done by machinery, but 1,254 hands are employed.

Anthony Walker, a preacher condemned to death for murder in Marshall, Texas, preached his own funeral sermon in the county jail.

The island of Cuba is completely bankrupt. There is no money or credit, and planters have been compelled to discharge their liabilities.

A young man in Shushan, N. Y., fell violently in love with a young girl. She did not reciprocate, and he set fire to her parent's house.

An English physician says that unripe apples, pears, peaches, etc., are infinitely more wholesome than over-ripe berries and cherries.

The speech of the Prince of Wales at the emancipation jubilee was literally stolen from an article in the July edition of the *Leisure Hour*.

An unpublished poem, by Gray, has been discovered. It is of some length, and will be published in a forthcoming edition of Gray's works.

The University at Heidelberg has refused a donation of \$5,000 offered with the proviso that ladies should be admitted to the University course.

A process has been discovered of utilizing the stalks and stems of the tobacco plant as a substitute for wood pulp in the manufacture of paper.

The Cincinnati Art League has ceased to exist. Matt Morgan paid its expenses for two years, but as it failed to be self-supporting he let it drop.

The board of health of Holly Springs, Miss., has been advised by a physician to allow the hogs to roam at large through the city to act as scavengers.

South of Long Island, six fathoms beneath the Atlantic, are the remains of a vast marsh. In clear weather roots of great trees can be seen at the bottom.

England has been inflicted this summer with a plague of flies and earwigs, and everybody is engaged in a discussion as to the best way to exterminate them.

The statue of the Venus de Milo has been replaced in its old position on the Louvre in Paris. It stands on a new plinth and has been thoroughly renovated.

In one of the most prosperous, wealthiest and most intelligent counties of Texas, not a drop of ardent spirits has been sold for years and the jail is without a tenant.

Two Frenchmen have invented a new kind harp, made entirely of wood. Instead of strings long pieces of fur are used. The tone of the instrument is said to be of remarkable purity.

Poetry.

TO MOTHER EARTH.

No noisier you roll from year to year,
So nice and slick;
No wonder once upon a time you were
You got, and kick.

The dull monotony of perpetual whirl,
The endless swing
In one direction, with the same old swirl,
Ain't just the thing.

If sweet variety of life the spice,
Why should you be
A summer's day of sacrifice
To dull ennui?

No merriment, as upon your breast
You feel the stamp
Of several billion feet continually pressed,
Like on huge tramp.

You lose your temper, and a protest make,
And gruffly growl,
And give us such an unexpected shake,
It seems a foul.

Convulsions many have we of our own,
In politics,
In theologic sphere, in every zone
Where men play tricks.

And these are all we need by way of shock,
So don't repeat
Your act, if you would not completely knock
Us off our feet.

"So, John, you're done with the college,
And are back on the farm once more,
With your head as full of learning
As a guinea pig of corn.
It's cost a heap to learn you all—
To cipher, and figure, and speak—
And its different work a-shoeing corn
From digging in Latin and Greek.
So is it law, or is it pills,
You choose for you profession?
Or, better still, come settle down
And accept a D. D.'s station."

"Well, dad, I have thought of the law,
But they say it's all overdone;
As for pills, why every one knows
It's the hardest work under the sun.
A parson's robe would never fit
On a man that is built like me;
For how would it look on the best shortstop
That plays in the R. R. C.?
So I am engaged at two thousand a year—
And signed the papers, too—
To stand behind the bat and catch
For the club from Kalamazoo."

"Two thousand a year?" the old man stares;
It makes his head to ring;
And he just has time to utter:
"Education's a wonder, full thing!"

MIDNIGHT.

Echoes round the floor and fall;
Silent voices wake to call
Faint from long faded scenes
Where the light of memory gleams.
Rich the air with music song
Borne from vale and mountain strong.
From the shore where ebb the sea,
From the waving prairie free.

Starlight gleams in dusky glade
Where the nymph-like naiads wade;
Where the brook in gentle song
Murmurs soft the caves among.
Sounds are soft the day hear not;
Wind to wail, in vision spot,
Whispers "I will love thee long,
Mingle now thy voice in song."

Our Story Teller.

The Captain's Story.

"I can never pass that spot without thinking of an event that happened two years ago," said the Captain of the "Fly-by-Night," a Lake passenger-boat trading between Detroit and Port Huron, as he pointed to a small house two miles away on the American shore of Lake Huron. It was a trim white cottage with green lattice work, a well kept little lawn, and in front of it a tall flag pole set into the roof of a pagoda-like Summer house. Below it, at the lake, was a dock, and on a huge sign post one could read, "Warner's Landing." "It belonged," continued the Captain, "to old Capt. Warner, who sailed the 'Boscobel.' He died and left the property to his nephew, in the State of New York, who brought his wife and little boy with him to live there. He was a gentlemanly young man, well educated and on the bright side of 30. His wife was as trim a little lady as I ever saw; pretty as a picture, and as light hearted as a school girl. Not one of your nobby-pamby fashionable young women, but a fresh, healthy New England girl with a woman's heart and a man's courage.

"But the gem of the family was their boy Willie, who was nearly seven years old, and I do think the cheeriest and most sensible little fellow in the State. Sailors have always a soft spot in their hearts for children, and the way that youngster carried on during the trip from Detroit, when we brought the family up here, was a constant pleasure and surprise. He was the king of the boat. The steward's cabin, the pilot house, the porter's pantry, the ladies parlor—he appropriated to himself a free pass everywhere, and used it liberally. He found a snug corner for himself in the hearts of all on board. Why, I remember one day, after the family had been in the house there for about three months, a deck hand, a surly fellow who never had a civil word for anyone, lugging out of his pocket a colored picture book and leaving it at Landing, with 'For Willie, with Joe Price's love' written on it.

"It was a lonesome spot for such people to settle in, and I often wonder how they could reconcile themselves to it, until I learned that Captain Warner had made it a condition of his will that they must live at the Landing for two years.

"One day when they had been there about six months, we took up the river from Detroit to them a small pleasure skiff with 'The Willie' painted in gilt letters on the stern.

"I never saw a child so pleased. He took to that boat like a duck to water. We used to see him on nearly every trip as we passed sculling himself about like a born sailor. I don't believe in allowing children to be too venturesome on the water, and so I told his father; but he laughed, and said he thought Willie was sensible enough to take care of himself.

"One day we were signalled to stop at Warner's Landing. William

Warner was going to New York. His wife and boy were on the dock wishing him as tearful a good-bye as if he were going on a two years' voyage to Greenland.

"He too was in low spirits. He came and sat by me in the pilot-house, and looked as glum as if there'd been a death in his family. At last he said, very solemn and earnest, 'Do you believe in presentiments of evil, Capt Kenyon?'

"No!" I said quite sharply, for I don't like to see a man give way to such nonsense.

"He went down on deck then, half-offended, and left the boat at Detroit without even bidding me good-bye. We were late leaving on our return trip that night, and I was surprised to see, just before we started, Warner come on board. He had a small parcel in his hand.

"Captain," he said, 'I want you to be sure to leave this at the Landing on your way up.'

"I can't," I said, for I saw it was only an excuse to get me to call and see that the folks were all safe. 'We're late here, and at Port Huron we've a lot of staves to take on, which will make us later still.'

"But he persisted, and when I saw how down-hearted he looked, I told him to give the parcel to the clerk and I would see what I would do when we arrived opposite the Landing. We left Port Huron in the middle of the following day. It had been very hot all the morning, but as the afternoon advanced a stiff west wind, accompanied by a drizzling rain, began to blow.

"It was so late when we reached the Landing that I had quite determined not to call; in fact, we stood out in the lake a mile further than our usual course. I was taking a dog-noodle in my berth, when the mate awoke me.

"There's a woman, sir, on Warner's Landing signalling us, and I think something's wrong there."

"Very likely she wants to know if her dear William got to Detroit safely," I grumbled; but I supposed we'd better round to.

"As the boat made the dock the clerk sprang ashore, and in a few moments we had the whole story. Willie had been playing with the skiff in the slip, as he had done scores of times before. Mrs. Warner had been busy over some household duty and did not notice that it rained. When she did, she went at once to call Willie in. But she could not find either the boat or the boy. Both had vanished as though the lake had swallowed them up.

"She had not dared to go inland to the village to seek help, for fear of missing our boat as she passed, but she had for hours been running up and down the shore calling in vain to her darling. Some of the lady passengers wrapped the distracted mother in shawls, for she would not delay a moment, and we put out into the lake.

"I followed the course of the wind as well as I could, for I knew well enough that the little fellow had been blown out into the lake, where there was but a small chance that he should find him, for it was unlikely so frail a boat could live long in such a heavy sea.

"For an hour we beat about without seeing an object on the water, when away in the distance there was a dark spot that came occasionally in sight on the waves. 'Tom,' said I to my mate, 'can you make out what that is on the starboard quarter? Is it a log or a boat?'

"It is a log adrift, sir."

"It's not! I'm sure it's not! It's a boat!" shrieked a voice close by me, and I saw to my surprise, Mrs. Warner, who I supposed was in the cabin, peering wildly into the drizzling rain. To all my appeals to her to go below, she kept crying—

"It is a boat! It is a boat! He is saved!"

"Without a glass to aid her vision, her strong mother-love gave her keenness of sight denied to us. It was a boat. But it was only on my threatening to abandon the search that the wretched woman consented to go below.

"Two minutes later the mate cried, 'Yes, sir, it is a boat, but it is empty so far as I can see. There's nobody sitting in it.'

"It was true. There the little skiff was tossing about, like a cork on the waves, with one scull dangling in the oar-locks, but not a soul could be seen in her.

"Tom," said I, nervously, for I felt sure the boy was not in the boat, and I actually trembled with apprehension lest the sad news would kill his mother, 'will you go down and tell that poor woman what we have seen?'

"Not for all the gold in California!" said the mate, decidedly; and yet he's as brave a fellow as ever sailed the lakes.

"We passed word to have Mrs. Warner taken into the cabin, as we neared the skiff. I felt so angry with that poor painted toy of a pleasure-boat, that I had half a mind to run it down. But of course I wasn't quite foolish enough for that. The mate and two of the deck hands put off the yawl, for our wash would have capsize the skiff had we gone any nearer. With a listless eye I watched them approach the boat, for I felt a leaden weight at my heart, because I was sure I should be obliged to tell the young mother of her loss. I saw Tom get hold of the painter, and then spring into the skiff. Then—

"Safe! safe! The boy is here!"

"It appears that the little fellow, tired of play had lain down under the seat, and had gone to sleep. In the meantime the boat had drifted into the lake and it had begun to rain. The drizzling rain did not wake him, and he lay in a sound slumber as if he was in his bed at

home, and not a hair of his head hurt.

"But what a fuss there was aboard! The women were all crying, and the men, too, for that matter. And the young mother, clasping the boy to her heart, went straight down on her knees and thanked God before them all for sparing his life. I don't think words ever came from a minister's lips that went straight to the throne of grace than that young woman's prayer.

"The family are living East now. William Warner is one of the few men I claim as personal friends, and as for his bright little wife, if she were my own child, I couldn't have a deeper regard for her. And the presents they send me! There is no use in my trying to choke off their gratitude. Not the least. And every parcel comes marked, 'With Willie's love.'

The Guessing Pig.

A few days ago two men arrived in a town leading a pig. It was perhaps big enough and heavy enough to be called a hog, but they termed it a pig, and as they turned it over to the care of the landlord at whose inn they proposed to rest for the night they explained:

"Be awful careful of that pig. He's a daisy—a new breed just from Scotland. We've sold him to a farmer out here for \$50 dollars and we don't want anything to happen to him."

The landlord looked up the pig and then began to think and cogitate and suspect. When the strangers had gone to bed he called in some boys and said:

"I've twigged the racket; them two fellows are sharper and that's a guessing pig. To-morrow they will give you a chance to guess at his weight at 10 cents a guess, and you will be cleaned out—only you won't! As the fellows sleep we will weigh the pig and beat their game."

Nobody slept until the pig was taken over to the scales and weighed. He pulled down 170 pounds to a hair, and the villagers went home and hunted up their nickels and dreamed of pigs and scales and sharpeners through the remainder of the night.

Next morning the pig was led around in front, and before starting on his journey one of the owners remarked to the assembled crowd:

"Gentlemen, I'm going to weigh this pig directly. Maybe some of you would like to guess on its weight. I'll take all guesses at ten cents each and whoever hits it gets fifty cents."

This provoked a large and selected stock of winks and smiles, but no one walked up until the pig man said that anyone could guess as many times as he cared to, provided a dime accompanied each guess. Then a rush set in. Three or four merchants put up fifty guesses each. A lawyer said about twenty would do him. Before there was any letting up in guessing about 600 had been registered and paid for. Every soul of them guessed 170 pounds. It was curious what unanimity there was in guessing, but the pig man didn't seem to notice it. When all had been given a chance the pig was led to the scales, and lo! his weight was 174 pounds.

"You see, gentlemen," explained the spokesman, "while the animal only weighs 170 along about 11 o'clock at night, feed him about five pounds of corn meal in the morning before weighing! You forgot to take this matter into consideration."

Then somebody kicked the landlord, and he kicked the Justice, and the Justice kicked a merchant, and when the pig man looked back from a distant hill the whole town was out kicking itself and throwing empty wallets into the river.

Some Startling Estimates.

(Lime-Kite Club.)

Whalebone Howker, chairman of the Fisheries committee, submitted a very interesting report written in pale blue ink. The committee had indulged in some very startling estimates and predictions for instance, the number of whales in all seas and waters in the world was put down at 17,250,304. It was believed that the natural increase of this monster of the deep would, at the end of 1900, so crowd the ocean that ships would have to do their sailing at night. The number of sharks was estimated at 60,928,655. The committee desired to be accurate, and had taken great pains to secure correct returns. A part of the committee had satisfied themselves that codfish was undergoing a change for the better. The aroma was becoming less powerful, while the taste left a sort of aristocratic pucker in the month. Farmers are advised to build fish ponds and own their own whales, sharks, dolphins and other desirable specimens of the deep. The government was asked to protect our fishing grounds from Canadian fishermen and to stand by our fishermen in robbing the Canadian coast.

Seney's Scholarship.

The Current.

Forty scholarships in Wesleyan University of Middletown, Conn., for which George A. Seney pledged \$100,000, were lost by his failure. Considering the good use, in the direction of educational benevolence, which Mr. Seney was making, it is most unfortunate that his wealth was swept away; but he doubtless finds some consolation in the fact that, of all the millionaires who have succumbed this year he alone, receives resolutions of thanks for past favors and expressions of good wishes for the future from educational and religious bodies.

Glass pulleys for cable railways are superior to iron.

Non-Partisan Praise.

The New York Evangelist.

Mr. Blaine we have known for years, and have a very decided impression of him, which we give to our readers for what it is worth. He is a man whom it is impossible to know and yet to feel indifferent about. We may like him or dislike him, but we cannot be indifferent; his personality is too strong. Like all who come within the circle of his acquaintance, we have felt the charm of his presence. He certainly has the gift—for it is a gift—of inspiring a strong degree of personal regard. Probably no man in our country has so many warmly attached friends. People at the East have little idea of the extent of this popularity. We have recently returned from California, where we found his name on the lips of everybody. The "magnetism" of the man had spread the Pacific Coast, and all were within the circuit of his "fascination." We came to Colorado, and were at Denver at the time of the meeting of the Republican Convention, and the Windsor Hotel was thronged with delegates. Among them there was but one voice. It was not Blaine first and somebody else second, but Blaine first, second, and to the end! They wanted him, and nobody else. We can well believe what we are told, that the nomination at Chicago was not the work of politicians—of "the machine," for the machine was all against him, but an expression of the will of the people—a spontaneous tribute to his overwhelming popularity. This manifestation of public feeling, we have reason to believe, was as much of a surprise to Mr. Blaine as it was to anybody. Only a few weeks before we had heard from his own lips that he was entirely out of politics. He was absorbed in writing his "History of Twenty Years in Congress," and never expected to enter public life again. Of this he did not speak with bitterness, as if he were a disappointed man; but as a man who had finished one chapter of his life, and now was entered on another, into which he carried the same ardor as into the first, and in which, if there was less of excitement, there was perhaps a higher, and more intellectual enjoyment. He had found literature its own great reward.

Of course, his enemies will say that this was a pretense; that all the while he was engaged in a very deep scheme for the nomination. Well, he must have been very 'deep,' indeed, to be able to conspire so secretly that nobody could discover it, and yet so effectually as to carry by storm the hearts of millions of people. For this manifestation of popular feeling there must be a reason. There is no effect without a cause, and for a great effect there must be a great cause. Where there is such unbounded popularity, this reason must be in the man himself. Of no man is it more true than of Mr. Blaine. He is a born leader of men. Wherever he is, he comes to the front by the natural power that is in him. Those who saw him in the Speaker's chair in the House of Representatives, saw how completely he ruled that sometimes stormy body. He held it in his hand as completely as ever did Henry Clay.

Even his enemies are forced to concede his great ability, and, therefore, direct their attacks against his character. We are not ignorant of the imputations upon his integrity, to which some whom we hold in high respect attach a grave importance. Nor would we put aside such charges lightly, as unworthy of attention. We cannot be too sensitive to the character of our public men, and would not belittle anything of serious import. But really, when a man has been so conspicuous for a quarter of a century, a mark for all eyes and all tongues, and the only thing, or the chief thing that can be brought against him is a sentence or two picked out of private letters written fifteen years ago, it does seem as if his assailants were hard pressed for material. If all the private correspondence of our public men were thus to be scrutinized by sharp and unfriendly eyes, how many righteous men would their be left in our American Israel?

But we do not care to argue this matter, because we have a shorter way to satisfy ourselves. Our opinion of Mr. Blaine may be worth nothing, nor the opinion of those who have met him in the society of Washington. But surely there was one man who ought to have known him thro' and thro'—who was with him for twenty years in Congress, at the very time all these charges were investigated, and who thought so little of them that they did not impair his respect or his confidence in the slightest degree. On the contrary, when this man, General Garfield, was elected President of the United States, he chose Mr. Blaine as his confidential adviser. He called him to the first place in his cabinet, thus giving the highest possible proof of his unshaken trust. If General Garfield had any doubt of his integrity, he was guilty of a grave wrong to his country in placing him in a position of such responsibility. His action speaks louder than words. He did not mistrust Mr. Blaine. He had not only admiration for his splendid abilities, but the warmest personal regard for the man. Those who have seen them together could not help seeing that the tie which bound them to each other was not an ordinary friendship, but a strong personal attachment, which implied an absolute mutual trust and confidence. Could any testimony further go? This single fact is enough to answer a thousand sneers and suspicions. To all the attacks upon

Blaine his friends have one short, but sufficient answer, "What was good enough for President Garfield is good enough for us."

A Poor Economy.

ANNA E. DICKINSON.

It costs more to neglect our duties than it does to accomplish them.

It costs more to take care of the idle poor, the able paupers, than to see that they are trained in some wise, to work, and the means of self-support put before them.

It costs more to cure than to prevent, ten times over; and cure is rarely brought to perfection even then.

Crime and its results, the original injury it works, its police, its magistrates, its commitments, its trials, its courts, its sheriffs, its clerks, its judges, its juries, its prisons, its penitentiaries, its gallows—cost more than all the other expenses of government combined. And what does it cost besides money?

Does the state—having provided schools for these little vendors of papers, of matches, these hangers-on about wharves, and buildings in construction, these street Arabs—take them in hand, and save them for their own sake, as well as theirs? Why, then, are they there and what they are?

The expenditure for maintaining a pauper child—and there are tens of thousands in the different state and county houses—till he can be of some service is not less than five hundred dollars; of which not one cent is now spent in making him a self-supporting and self-respecting citizen. The school and the industrial information he ought to have bestowed upon him left unbestowed, he remains a pauper—or becomes worse—for the sixty or seventy years through which he may curse the world with his presence.

Of 11,510 convicted criminals in New York, 7,232—that is to say 62 per cent—were orphans or half orphans. What a parent has the state been to these!

The ratio of well educated in the prisons is about one in seventy-five. The prison tables that give a respectable percentage are fallacious. Every man, not put to the test, will overstate the amount of his education. He "can read and write"—reading and writing that require ingenuity to comprehend and to decipher!

The night schools whereby myriads of boys and girls have been saved to an honorable, self-supporting, and helpful manhood and womanhood, consume an average of two dollars a year for each scholar. The average expenditure for every state prison convict, aside from any previous burden to society, is two hundred dollars a year. It takes two hundred dollars a year to support this wail when he has run the streets in ignorance till he graduates in crime, has lost manhood and identity together, and has become a thing behind a cell-door, and a number on the outside of it.

If the evil effects of the neglect of a life ended with that life, they would be sore and heavy weights for society to entail upon itself; but they spread in ever-widening circles as the generations move on and down. It is a difficult matter to trace the record of a criminal and pauper descent; since, like all dark things, it burrows in the dark, where investigation follows with uncertain feet.

Here and there, however, by unusual prominence of vigor and crime, by unusual persistence of interest and study, the dismal road can be traced—not to its end, but from a dreary past to a hideous present.

At a recent meeting of the State Charities Aid Association of New York, Dr. Harris presented some verified statistics of the outgrowth of a single life of neglect and misery.

Two hundred years ago, in a small village on the Upper Hudson, "Margaret" was left adrift; a solitary child without family, or friends, or home. Ah! if there had been a school for her, a shelter for her, a law that had been, in sort at least, a foster father and mother to her; and some one to see that she received all that the law allowed, perhaps going a step out of the way to make sure that this life had its feet planted on the right road!

But, no; neither the law, nor any man or woman within or without the law, cared for her body or her soul.

The little unregarded animal lived its animal life; grew, found others of its kind, perpetuated its animal life; died; and dying, left a long line of criminals and paupers to curse those who had made no effort to turn the curse of its life into a blessing.

Shooting down through six generations, the county records show nine hundred descendants of this one abandoned life to have been and to be drunkards, lunatics, imbeciles, idiots, paupers and prostitutes; two hundred of these convicted of and punished for crime.

In one generation alone, there were twenty children, of whom seventeen grew like poisonous weeds, to maturity. Of these seventeen, nine served in state prisons, for high crimes, an aggregate term of fifty years; while the remaining eight divided their existence among jails, penitentiaries, and alms houses.

"Behold, how great a matter a little fire kindleth!"

This one spark of life, that, watched and tended, might have made a cheerful blaze on a domestic hearth, warming and vivifying a home—an excellent thing in itself, a comfort and help to others, left to run wild, has grown and grown till it sweeps a tempest of flame, consuming property, persons, morals, and that thing for which we care so much, money, by hundreds of thousands.

"Whatsoever a man soweth, that shall he also reap."

Dr. Holmes once gave a young doctor for a motto, "Some fevers gratefully received."

Short Temperance Talks.

BY MISS C. S. BURNETT.

No. 11.—Juvenile Work—The Public School.

If temperance instructions were properly given in every Christian home and by every Christian church there would still be a wide field unoccupied, for there are many especially among our foreign population who never enter a Christian church. The state must reach out its arms and gather up these little waifs and so infuse new life into them that they may become good citizens. No system of charity has ever been devised that is broad enough to cover all classes. Then, the state should supplement the teachings of home and Sabbath school by a system of wise instruction through the week.

There are 141,500 public schools in our land costing us annually \$96,000,000. To these schools the morning bells call over 7,000,000 children. These schools are the bulwark of our nation. On the principles and morals there inculcated stability of our nation depends. Culture of the mind alone will not make a nation great since intellect is a power that may be applied to good or evil purposes. The culture of the moral nature is as essential as that of the mind. It is the duty of the state to keep up the character of its citizens; if we do not do this our experiment of self government will be a failure.

As Mrs. Hunt says, "Whatever Ohio wants to appear in the character of her citizens it should weave into the public schools." It is the promise of the public schools to give just such instruction as shall best benefit our youth for the work of life before them and since temperance as well as intelligence is essential to good citizenship the state has a right to see that it is taught in all schools supported by public funds. We pay taxes freely to support these schools because we believe education increases the value of the child to the nation. We have a right to demand an equivalent and not an army of boys sent out yearly who have not learned the first principle of self government, not learned their duties as citizens of a free republic whose foundations are intelligence and virtue, not learned anything of the great temptations before them, not learned that duty to God and man requires them to make of themselves all that is possible under the conditions in which they are placed.

After twenty years of close relation to our public schools I declare they are not half doing their work. In a land like ours where money is poured out freely for school purposes ignorance is a crime that ought not to be tolerated, and vice need not be half so prevalent if only the whole nature, physical, mental and moral, were symmetrically developed. Our children are forced to obey rules but no proper incentive for doing so is laid before them.

The introduction of temperance instruction is one step toward a higher culture of the moral nature. It will set both teacher and student to thinking and can but result in good. The day will come when our children will be taught that which most concerns them.

God speed that day!

Another Explanation of Red Sunsets.

The red sunsets of some time ago have at last been solved. Our reporter returned the other morning from a flying visit to Gunnison county. While there he found the snow on the tops of the ranges as red as if it had been sprinkled with red pepper. Being supplied with chemicals and a blow pipe outfit, he was enabled to make a test, and found it to be meteoric iron. It could not have been a wash from the mountain, as it was on the top of the range as well as lower down, and only on the surface of the snow.

Upon digging down a few inches the snow was clean and white. The sun shining through this cloud of red oxide of iron caused its rays to appear red giving the same effect as a piece of red glass. The dust fell over the entire earth, but was invisible except where caught by the perpetual snow on the mountains.—Denver Reporter.

A Strange Find at Pompeii.

A curious discovery has just been made at Pompeii in the course of the excavations carried on there. A fine statuette of a crouching Venus was brought to light in a sculptor's workshop just cleared. The sculptor must have been engaged in repairing the statuette when overtaken by the awful catastrophe of the year 79. The head of the figure had evidently just been remodeled anew, as it is far inferior in style to the remaining portions of the body; the two arms were also new, and had been fastened to the trunk by metal pins. The body of the artist himself was also discovered in the shop, lying prostrate on the ground, and with a large cingulum still grasped in his hand. A cast of the man was effected by the usual process of running plaster of Paris into the cavity formed by the body in the solid dust.

The Russian government has issued a circular to school teachers declaring that they will be held responsible for the atheistic views and tendencies of their pupils. What if they should be held responsible in all lands for the alcoholic drink tendencies and practices of those who wait upon them for instruction. This would be as unjust in the one case in America as in the other in Russia, but there is the germ of correct reasoning in both, and the Russian proclamation is a manifestation of the growing opinion that public education has no justice in its demands if it fails to make true, loyal citizens.

Medical.



A SPECIFIC FOR THE BLOOD, AND A Positive Cure FOR RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago.

An infallible remedy for all diseases of the skin and blood, such as Tetter, Ringworm, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples & Blotches, and is the best remedy for all Female Complaints and Weaknesses. It has cured diseases of the Liver and Kidneys when all other remedies have failed.

Do not let your Druggist persuade you to take something else, but if he has not got it, and will not send for it, write to us and we will send it to you by express, prepaid, on receipt of Price.

.....One to three bottles of Rheumatic Syrup will clear the system of bile, and cure any case of Inflammation or Acute Rheumatism, or Neuralgia.

.....Three to five bottles will cure Erysipelas in its worst form.

.....Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running Ulcers.

.....Four to six bottles are warranted to cure any case of Salt Rheum.

.....Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of Scrofula.

.....From two to four months' use of Rheumatic Syrup will cure any case of Chronic Rheumatism of twenty years' standing.

If you have been a sufferer for years, and have used all the remedies you could hear of, with no avail, do not be discouraged, for Rheumatic Syrup will cure you.

Price, \$1.00 per bottle; 6 bottles for \$5. Send for our pamphlet of Testimonials, etc.

15-45-ly RHEUMATIC SYRUP CO., Rochester, N. Y.

Professional Cards.

JOHN KLINE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on second floor of Furst's new building north of Court House. 16-17 if

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Broeckerhoff House. 15-24f

D. H. HASTINGS, W. F. REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-40-ly

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. 14-7-4f

A. S. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Court House, north side and opposite the Court House. 1-1-4f

C. ELMERT DALE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 12-4-4f

E. BLANCHARD, E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. High Street, Bellefonte, Pa. 16-1-ly

T. ALEXANDER, C. M. BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 5-1-9-22

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 15-1-1-ly

Physicians and Dentists.

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office on second door of Reynolds' bank building, Allegheny street. 6-23

H. K. HOY, M. D., Office in Conrad House, above Fortney's law office, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to Operative Surgery and Chronic Diseases. 13-15-ly

D. R. J. D. GEISSINGER, DENTIST. A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth. Office: No. 40 North Allegheny st., in building formerly occupied by Hon. J. B. Lion. 16-1-1-ly

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't. J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r. FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. 16-1-1-ly

Shaving Saloons.

W. M. MILLER, FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER. Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, under Centre county bank building, High street, Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

M. S. GRAHAM, FASHIONABLE BARBER. In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, shavers and knives on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. Warm and Clean Shave. 6-11

Hotels.

COLUMBIA HOUSE, Nos. 111 and 143 N. 7th Street (above Arch) PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A. Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts three square from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; opposite the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.

TERMS, \$1.00 PER DAY. MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON, Proprietress. 14-21-11f

VANDERBILT HOUSE. Honesty, civility, hospitality and good whiskey are what every guest of the Vanderbilt House will find. Situated two miles north-west of Snow Shoe City. Rates the lowest. 14-23-1-ly J. J. DELANEY, Proprietor.

CALLED HOME.

She has passed away,
Like a gentle breath,
And her eyes are closed with the sleep of death,
The leaves on the trees will flutter and fall,
And the drifting snows will cover all,
But she will peacefully, calmly rest,
Forever nappy
By angels blest.

Just in the spring
Of womanhood,
Tender and loving, and wise and good,
Ah! too good for the sinful earth!
Only the angels knew her worth,
So they called her unto them,
Decking her brow
With a diadem.

Better to smile
When such a life
Gives up the battle of earthly strife,
Better to know that her tasks are done,
Trials ended and glory won;
Tears are vain, when a soul so bright
Wings its way
To the gates of light.

She has passed away,
But her sweet good-will,
Like a fragrant odor, lingers still;
The tender lesson that memory brings
The mark of patience o'er us fling,
We learn to follow the path she trod,
To be more like her,
Who has gone to God.

The G. A. R. at Snow Shoe.

MR. EDITOR:—Taking into consideration the several mistakes occurring in starting the G. A. R. excursion from Bellefonte to Snow Shoe, Aug. 19, I consider it a grand success. All participants were perfectly satisfied, and enjoyed themselves to their full satisfaction, notwithstanding the extreme warm weather which prevented any great public demonstration or out door exercise. The Philadelphia Lambs were in the height of their glory, and left the patriotic citizens of Snow Shoe under the impression that they were in reality tame. One serious mistake occurred, which I thought would prove disastrous and cause much dissatisfaction among our comrades and patrons, and that was, that our genial and liberal landlords, Mr. Nolan and Mr. Uzzle, were not notified of the number of people that were on the train, leaving them in entire ignorance as to what preparations to make for their reception and the number of mouths to feed; yet they mustered up courage, went to work and in due time met the emergency manfully, and all expressed themselves as perfectly satisfied and happy. On this occasion I would respectfully call the attention of our finance committee of Gregg Post 95 of Bellefonte, to Mr. Nolan's liberality in behalf of the Millheim Band (17 in number), who kindly declined being compensated for dinner for the band. For this liberality on the part of Mr. Nolan and the kind attention shown by himself and lady, I would respectfully request this committee to ask of Mr. Nolan no further contribution in behalf of the G. A. R. encampment, on this occasion, as this more than overbalances many subscriptions or contributions by some of our citizens in Bellefonte who have already received more than ten fold the benefit from the G. A. R. encampment, whose contributions to defray necessary expenses are a mere fraction contributed to the amount realized. C. P. STONERBOARD.

Accidents.

Since Camp Curtin commenced on Saturday, the 16th, the surging crowds of people going to camp and returning, together with the carelessness of hack drivers, has caused several painful but not fatal accidents. On Saturday evening, the 16th, one of the hack drivers raced with another vehicle, getting along all right until the hack went over the steep bank. A Mr. Stein and a woman whose name we do not know were somewhat injured. This was owing to the carelessness of the driver, the owner of the hack not accompanying the load. It cost him the receipts of at least two days' work to repair damages.

On Sunday evening two ladies were knocked down by a passing hack while entering the gate. It is exceedingly awkward to have only one entrance for both foot passengers and vehicles. On Sunday evening a man named Campbell was thrown from a vehicle and had a leg broken.

On Tuesday evening Mrs. John Sourbeck was thrown from a buggy, one of her shoulders being slightly hurt.

Several soldiers were burned with powder during the sham battle on Tuesday evening. Hands, cheeks and eyes were the chief sufferers, but none of the injuries were at all serious.

When the business meeting had adjourned Wednesday morning one of the comrades a member of No. 283, of Luzerne county, fell from the steps in the big tent, severely hurting himself. Dr. Hall, of Altoona, Dr. Christ, of Lemont, and Surgeon General Davis, attended to his injuries.

Fashion Notes.

Yellow flowers are very fashionable. Lace dresses are worn in the streets of Paris. Felt will be revived for fall hats and bonnets. Round turbans are the novelty for early fall wear. Moliere fronts of all sorts are tabooed by women of fashion in Europe. Half long Turkish jackets of velvet broche will be the first dressy fall wraps.

Medical, etc.



The Feeble Grow Strong
When Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is used to promote assimilation of the food and enrich the blood. Indigestion, the chief obstacle to an acquisition of strength by the weak, is an ailment which infallibly succumbs to the action of this peerless corrective. Loss of flesh and appetite, and growing evidence of premature decay are speedily counteracted by the great invigorant, which braces up the physical energies and fortifies the constitution against disease.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

\$11.950
IN CASH
GIVEN AWAY

To SMOKERS of Blackwell's Genuine Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco.

This Special Deposit is to guarantee the payment of the 25 premiums fully described in our former advertisement. No matter how small the number of bags returned may be.

Office Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co., Durham, N. C., May 15, 1884.

P. A. WILEY, Esq., Cashier Bank of Durham, Durham, N. C. DEAR SIR:—We enclose you \$11.950, which please place on Special Deposit to pay premiums for our empty tobacco bags to be returned Dec. 1st, 1884. Yours truly, P. A. WILEY, Cashier.

J. S. CARR, Esq., Pres. Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co. DEAR SIR:—I have to acknowledge receipt of \$11.950 from you, which we have placed upon Special Deposit for the object you state. Yours truly, J. S. CARR, Pres.

None genuine without picture of BULL on the package. See our other announcements. 16-6-ly

Songs Never Sung.

"How does that verse run? Something like this, isn't it?"

"There are who touch the magic string,
And nifty fame is proud to win them;
Alas! for those who never sing,
But die with all their music in them."

"Yes, that's beautiful, pathetic and true," said your representative. "The poet alludes to people who are somewhat suppressed, and never get their full allowance of joy and air. Which reminds me of a letter showing me the other day by Huxar & Co. of New York, signed by Mr. C. Williams of Chapman, Snyder Co., Pa. A prominent business man of that place. He writes:

"I have suffered with asthma for over forty years, and had a terrible attack in December and January, 1882. I hardly know what prompted me to take PARKER'S TONIC. I did so, and the first day I took four doses. The effect astonished me. That a girl I slept as if nothing was the matter with me, and have ever since. I have had colds since no asthma. My breathing is now as perfect as if I had never known that disease. If you know of any one who has asthma tell him in my name that PARKER'S TONIC will cure it—even after forty years." There was a man who escaped the fate of those who never sing. This fact has been heretofore known as PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, but hereafter it is advertised and sold under the name of PARKER'S TONIC. Inasmuch as ginger is really an unimportant ingredient, and unimportant dealers are constantly deceiving their customers by substituting inferior preparations under the name of ginger, we drop the misleading name. There is no change, however, in the preparation itself, and all the bottles remaining in the hands of dealers, wrapped under the name of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, contain the same good medicine as the new bottles of PARKER'S TONIC. It is at the bottom of the outside wrapper. 16-30-4f

FAY'S CELEBRATED WATER-PROOF MANILLA ROOFING Resembles fine leather; for Roofs, Outside Walls and inside of ships. Very strong and durable. Catalogue with testimonials and samples FREE. Established in 1866. W. H. FAY & CO., Camden, N. J. 16-30-4f

9000! AGENTS WANTED Double to sell the FIRST AUTHENTIC HOUSEHOLD QUICK! **BLAINE and LOGAN** By H. H. Blaine, Esq., Mr. Logan's intimate friend and partner in the famous "Furley-Power" for \$250,000 an office of the U. S. Congress, 5,000 outfits ordered within a week. Agents coming money. Is in IMMENSE DEMAND because the most RELIABLE, INTERESTING and FIRST OUT SELLER. Write to H. H. Blaine, Esq., Philadelphia, Pa. 16-30-4f

AGENTS WANTED—for the Lives of BLAINE & LOGAN, CLEVELAND & HENDRICKS. In 1 Vol. by T. W. in 1 Vol. by Mon. A. Knox. 16-30-4f

BUY IT AND TRY IT. Try it for carache. Try it for headache. Try it for toothache. Try it for backache. For an ache or pain Thomas' Electric Oil is excellent.—Chas. F. Medler, box 274, Schenectady, N. Y. Thomas' Electric Oil is the best thing going, says Dr. C. H. Medler, of Schenectady, N. Y. Cured him of rheumatism and one of carache—two drops—Master Horace Bromberg, Clinton, Iowa. Try it for a limp. Try it for a lame leg. Try it for a pain. Try it for a strain. From shoulder to ankle joint, and for three months I had rheumatism which was cured by nothing but Thomas' Electric Oil. Thomas' Electric Oil did what no other medicine could do. It cured me.—John N. Gregg, Sup't. of Railway Construction, Niagara Falls. Try it for a cold. Try it for a cough. Try it for a croup. Try it for a burn. Price 50 cts. and \$1.00. FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop's. BUFFALO, N. Y.

Wilson & McFarlane—Hardware.

HARDWARE,

STOVES.

WILSON, M'FARLANE & CO.

Have for sale in HEATING STOVES,

THE CROWNING GLORY OF BASE BURNERS.

This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.

Immense Radiating Surface.

FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE.

We would call your attention to

The Welcome Home Heaters, DOUBLE AND SINGLE.

Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.

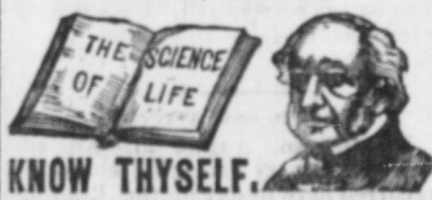
CALL AND SEE US.

For Tetter, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Pimples, Blotches Boils, Female Complaints, and all diseases arising in or transmitted by the blood, use

Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher. This celebrated Vegetable Compound has no equal, and is an infallible remedy when used as directed. Send for circular. For sale by all druggists. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Prop's, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

The Science of Life. Only \$1.00 BY MAIL, POST-PAID.



KNOW THYSELF.

A Great Medical Work on Manhood.

Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility. Premature Decline in man, Errors of youth, and the untold miseries resulting from indigestion of excesses. A book for every man, young, middle aged and old. It contains 126 prescriptions for all acute and chronic diseases, each one of which is invaluable. So found by the Author, whose experience for 23 years is such as probably never before fell to the lot of any physician. 300 pages, bound in beautiful French marbled, embossed covers, full gilt, guaranteed to be a finer work in every sense—mechanical, literary and professional—than any other work sold in this country for \$2.50, or the money will be refunded in every instance. Price only \$1.00 by mail, post paid. Illustrated sample 5 cents. Send no Gold Medal awarded the author by the National Medical Association, to the officers of which he refers.

The Science of Life should be read by the young for instruction, and by the afflicted for relief. It will benefit all.—London Lancet. There is no member of society to whom this book will not be useful, whether youth, parent, guardian, instructor or clergyman.—Argonaut.

Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, New York, who may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience. Chronic and obstinate diseases that have baffled the skill of all other physicians. Such treatment successfully without HEAL THYSELF an instance of failure. 16-30-4f

GOLD for the working class. Send 10 cents for postage, and we will mail you free, a royal, valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work as the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to \$5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: to allow no one not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortune will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address STIMSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 16-30-4f

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FITS STOPPED FREE Instantly cures Epilepsy, Fits, St. Vitus' Dance, Nerve Restorer. For all kinds of Fits, Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Nerve Restorer, etc. Send for circular. Price 50 cts. and \$1.00. FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop's. BUFFALO, N. Y.

Miscellaneous.

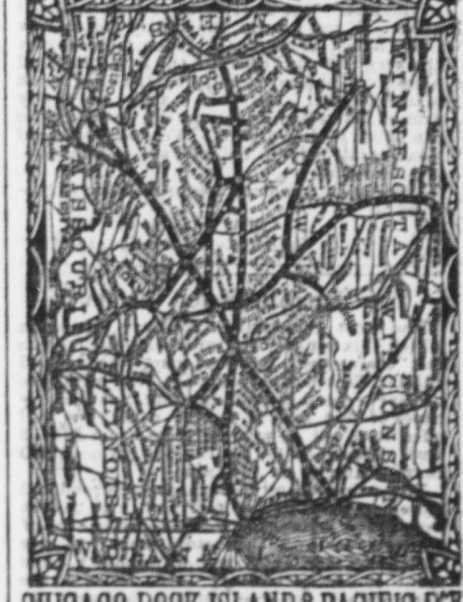
(Continued from last week.)
How Watch Cases are Made.

In buying a silver watch case great care should be taken to secure one that is solid silver throughout. The cap of most cheap silver cases is made of a composition known as albatra, which is a very poor substitute for silver, as it turns black in a short time. The backs of such cases are made much thinner than those of an all silver case, being robbed in order to make the cap thicker and get in as much as possible of the cheap metal. Another important point in a silver case is the joints or hinges, which should be made of gold. Those of most cheap cases are made of silver, which is not a suitable metal for that purpose. In a brief period it warps, bends and spreads apart, allowing the backs to become loose upon the case and admitting the dust and dirt that accumulate in the pocket. The Keystone Silver Watch Cases are only made with silver caps and gold joints.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 17, 1882. In our long and varied experience in making watches, we cannot but acknowledge and give our testimony that the Keystone Silver Watch Cases are the best made to our knowledge. Having no soldering they remain homogeneous, harder and stiffer than they would be were they heated for soldering, and have more resisting power against pressure than any other case in the market. MEREDITH & JACARD JEWELRY CO. Send 2 cent stamp to Keystone Watch Case Factory, Philadelphia, Pa., for handsome Illustrated Pamphlet showing how "Keystone" and Keystone Watch Cases are made. 15-30-1-ly

IN A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THE COUNTRY WILL BE BY EXAMINING THE MAP.



CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R.R.

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unsurpassed and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Free-Running Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis. Two Trains between Chicago and Milwaukee and St. Paul, via the Famous "ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kanawha, has recently been opened between Richmond, N. York, New Port News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul, and intermediate points. All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Business checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE, at your nearest Ticket Office, or address: R. E. CABLE, E. ST. JOHN, Vice-Pres't & Gen'l Mgr., Gen'l Tl. & Pass. Agt. CHICAGO. 15-40-1-ly

STAFFORD'S

EXTRA BLACKING Gives a MORE BRILLIANT SHINE THAN ANY OTHER. IN BOXES WHICH PREVENT SOILING THE HANDS. SOLD BY ALL DEALERS. S. S. STAFFORD, New York. 16-25-4f

THE SPY OF THE REBELLION

By ALLAN PINKERTON, WHO WAS Chief of the U. S. Secret Service.



AGENTS WANTED

The "SPY" is now selling by the Thousand (thousand) copies. No competition. Clear territory. The only book of its kind. Tells to merchants, farmers, mechanics and everyone. The "SPY" reveals many secrets of the war never before published. Thrilling narrative of PINKERTON'S service, that saved the nation from a terrible disaster. Perfect exposure of our REBELS, boys in the Rebel Capital, their leaders, hopes and their treachery are fully revealed in these vivid sketches and make it the most thrilling war book ever published. Illustrated by hundreds of Pen and Pencil sketches. A large handsome book of 200 pages, with 50 illustrations. 10¢ sold only by our Agents. Can't be found in bookstores. We want one agent in every Grand Army Post and in every county in the U. S. Write for circular and circular to Agents. G. W. CARLTON & SONS, Publishers, New York. 16-25-4f

THE IDEAL BICYCLE

IDEAL IN PRICE—FINISH. Send for Descriptive List. REHART, 111 ARCH ST. AGENTS WANTED. 16-25-4f

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pennsylvania.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance, \$2.00
Six months, " " 1.00
Three months, " " .50

No paper will be discontinued until arrears are paid, except at the option of the publisher.
Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted under head of "Local Notices and Other Items," at 20 cents per line for each insertion.
Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free, exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, \$5.00 per annum.

A advertisement for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year
1 inch (12 lines type)	\$5.00	\$8.00	\$12.00
Two inches	7.00	10.00	15.00
Three inches	10.00	15.00	20.00
Four inches	13.00	20.00	25.00
Quarter column	12.00	20.00	30.00
Half column	20.00	35.00	55.00
Full column	35.00	55.00	125.00

To insure insertion, advertisements should be in early morning.
All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.
All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOBS DEPARTMENT.

Our facilities for doing Job Work are equal to the best. Our assortment of type is almost unlimited, and we are constantly adding new styles as fast as they are made. We employ the very best workmen, use the most improved press and the best quality of ink and stock manufactured. Our prices are as low as any firm or individual printer in the United States can afford to do work for. We guarantee good work at fair prices. Call and see us before going elsewhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN,
Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa.

The Republican for 50 Cents.

The most interesting political campaign which this country has ever experienced has just commenced. Every man, woman and child in Centre county should read a reliable newspaper, and as the REPUBLICAN is the only paper of that sort in Centre county we will offer it to all new subscribers from July 23 until December 10 for the low price of 50 CENTS, STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

This reduction for this campaign is rendered necessary by the fact that the recent Democratic legislature reduced the salaries of all employees and then stole money to pay themselves for extra and unnecessary time spent in doing nothing; also because the Forty-eighth Congress refused necessary appropriations and reduced many others below their usual amount, and to add to their enormous crimes, attempted tariff legislation which prostrated business, closed factories, threw thousands of men out of employment and raised Cain generally. These Democratic measures have rendered many of our subscribers poorer than they otherwise would have been. Send in your names at once for the REPUBLICAN for the campaign of 1884.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

The Alaska Probably Lost.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—A report has been received at the Treasury Department from Lieutenant M. A. Healy giving details of the cruise of the revenue steamer Corwin in Behring's Sea and the Arctic Ocean from June 8 to July 24 he made diligent search for the schooner Alaska, which sailed from Godwin Bay for San Francisco October 21, 1883, and says there can be no doubt of her loss. A wreck seen at sea to the westward of the Aleutian Islands is supposed to be all that is left of her crew and passengers, all of whom are supposed to have been lost, as obtained from the miners at Godwin Bay: Gallagher, master; Walter Bofner, first mate; W. Marston, second mate; Arthur Eaton, Jim—, George—, Tom—, seamen. Passengers—John Lowrie, Sam Marston, R. B. Hard, Andrew Davidson, Charles Babb, James Thompson, Charles Thompson, Gus Eastman, and W. H. Cardinell. Captain Healy earnestly suggests the establishment of a life-saving station or relief station at Point Barrow for the benefit of a large and increasing number of American vessels that frequent the Arctic Ocean during the whaling season.

Great Catholic Demonstration.

PHILADELPHIA, August 21.—The demonstration to-night in honor of Archbishop Ryan was a grand success. In the torch light procession there were between 15,000 and 20,000 people, and every Catholic society in the city was represented. The archbishop received the procession from the archiepiscopal residence and as each different society passed by with uncovered heads he pronounced a blessing. In and around the square in front of the cathedral there were fully 50,000 persons assembled to witness the parade. The residence was brilliantly illuminated, and at each window was seated a great number of the local clergy, while Bishop Shanahan, of Harrisburg and Very Rev. Father M. A. Walsh, vicar general, sat by the side of the archbishop.

The Lyeomg Republicans.

WILLIAMSPORT, August 20.—The Republican County Convention today unanimously re-nominated W. W. Brown for Congress. Thomas Dinan, of Williamsport; Frank Trump, of Jersey Shore, and James K. Bosk, of Hughesville, were nominated for the Assembly; D. B. Elitz was nominated for Recorder and James P. Cowden for Treasurer; John Harding and J. M. Lowe for Commissioners, and D. H. Zerbe and W. W. Achenbach for Auditors and Dr. John Nevens for Coroner.

Between France and China.

SHANGHAI, August 24.—The Foochow arsenal was destroyed yesterday after a three hours bombardment by Admiral Courbet's squadron. Several Chinese gunboats were sunk, and two escaped to the European settlement and were not disturbed. The bombardment began at two o'clock in the afternoon and ceased at 8 p. m. Only one Chinese battery replied. The French fleet sustained no damage.

A U. S. Steamer Sinks.

COTTAGE CITY, Mass., August 22.—The United States steamer Tallapoosa sank off here last night. The survivors were landed at Wood's Holl. She collided with a three-masted schooner. She lies with her main mast and the top of her smoke stack out of water. It is stated two lives were lost by the disaster to the Tallapoosa.

The facts of the sinking of the Tallapoosa are as follows: The Tallapoosa, with 140 men and officers, bound to Newport to take on board Secretary Chandler, at 11 o'clock last night during a thick fog, three miles northeast of Oak Bluffs, Martha's Vineyard, was struck by the schooner James Lowell, of Bath, Captain Reid, from Baltimore to Portland, with a cargo of coal. Her side was crushed in and she sank in five minutes in ten fathoms of water. As she went down her whistle was blown as a signal of distress, and was heard by the steamer Gate City, which came up immediately and, with the schooner Mary A. Hood, which happened to be in the vicinity, rescued the crew, with the exception of the surgeon and one man, who are said to be missing. The names of those missing from the Tallapoosa are Past Assistant Surgeon Clarence E. Black and George A. Goster, a landsman. Some of Secretary Chandler's personal effects were on the vessel when she sank.

Boston, August 23.—Later advices from Cottage City report that four persons were drowned from the Tallapoosa, as follows: Dr. Clarence E. Black, the surgeon; William O'Donnell, seaman, of Boston; William Jones, landsman, of Washington, and George Foster, colored, a saloon boy.

Storms the Country Over.

PETERSBURG, Va., August 22.—Chesterfield county was visited last evening by a cyclone. Huge trees were uprooted, fences and out-houses blown down, and considerable damage done to orchard trees. The storm was accompanied in some places by heavy rain and hail, while in other places scarcely any of either fell.

TRIO, N.Y., August 22.—During a hail and rain storm yesterday afternoon several houses were struck by lightning in Lansingburg. Two valuable houses were burned in Brunswick. At Greenbush lightning struck the house of Clark Lape, and Miss Idella Lee, one of the inmates of the house, was badly burned. Thomas Gray, at Johnsonville, was knocked down and rendered unconscious but recovered. In various places trees were torn up, fences destroyed and buildings injured. The Hudson river knitting mill, at Stillwater, was partly unroofed. The house of John Mattison, at Cambridge, was struck and Sarah Allen was killed. A daughter of Mattison was probably fatally injured, and the house set on fire.

PITTSBURGH, August 22.—Callery Junction, Pa., on the Pittsburg and Western railroad, was visited last evening by a regular tornado. During the storm, which lasted about an hour, several houses were blown down, hundreds of trees uprooted, and a great deal of farm property destroyed.

The White Banner of Peace.

MYSTIC, Conn., August 20.—The seventeenth annual meeting of the Connecticut Peace Society opened today, one thousand persons being in attendance. The president's address was read by Zachariah Whipple, a graduate of the Deaf Mute School. Alfred P. Love, of Philadelphia, was chosen chairman. He congratulated the meeting on the progress made in the seventeen years these meetings had been held. Beginning with an attendance of forty persons, it had now increased to one thousand. He declared the Spirit until victory is proclaimed on the white banner of peace.

The president announced the postponement of the conference of the association for codification of the law of a hundred nations on account of the quarantine regulations. Short addresses were then made by Mrs. Day, Edward M. Davis and Rev. Dr. McMurdy. The president suggested that the following cable message be sent to the President of France and the Chinese Government:

May we implore you to arbitrate your differences.

The convention then adjourned until 2:30 P. M.

A Saloon Keeper's Ghastly Joke
READING, Pa., August 22.—Christian Bowman entered the saloon of George Kramer Wednesday night and called for a drink, saying a friend would pay for it. Kramer said, "I'll treat," and pouring out a pint of whisky in a schooner beer-glass handed it to Bowman. The latter drank it down and asked for more, whereupon Kramer said jokingly: "If that don't kill you, come back and I'll treat again." Bowman made his way home and was found dead in the yard by his wife the following morning. Kramer was arrested on the charge of causing the man's death.

A New Ten-Dollar Counterfeit.

WASHINGTON, August 21.—The Secret Service is in possession of a new counterfeit ten-dollar note. The note is on the Third National Bank, of Cincinnati, Ohio, and made its appearance in that city Monday night. It is of the series of 1882, with the brown or chocolate colored back. The vignette on the face of the note has a very coarse scratch-like appearance, but the back is well executed and calculated to deceive.

France and China.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—The following is an official resume of the Franco-Chinese situation: Notwithstanding the successive respite granted China by France and the moderation of French officials having the negotiations in charge, China has finally refused all satisfaction for the Longson treachery, and recalled its plenipotentiaries to Shanghai. France is therefore compelled to present China with a last summons. M. Patenotre, the French minister to China, has been instructed to acquaint Tsung Li Yamen of the vote of parliament, and also with the fact that indemnity has been definitely fixed at 80,000,000 francs, payable in ten years. Unless the demand should be complied with within forty-eight hours, Admiral Courbet would take the necessary steps forthwith to secure the reparation due France.

The term of grace expired at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The French charge d'affaires was ordered to quit Peking on Monday and join M. Patenotre at Shanghai. Li-Fong-A-Pao during the day asked for an audience with M. Ferry, and announced to him that he had been ordered to return to his post at Berlin. The Chinese minister bade M. Ferry farewell and received his passports.

Seven Men Suffocated by Gas.

SHAMOKIN, August 21.—The fire which broke out yesterday in the Buck Ridge mine slope, fifteen hundred feet from the surface, has not abated. The company bought the Greenback colliery adjoining, the workings of which are higher than those of the Buck Ridge colliery. The intention was to bore a hole thirty-six feet in length from the Greenback to the Buck Ridge colliery, turn the creek into both collieries, and by flooding them put out the fire. While the men were engaged in this work to-day, gas suddenly poured in from the burning mine, and before they could escape seven men fell victims to the deadly gas. It is impossible to reach their bodies, as both mines are full of gas and the fire is increasing. Eleven mules were also burned. Two heavy pumps have been forcing water down the slope all day. Both the Buck Ridge and Greenback collieries are full of gas, and a number of men on the surface have been overcome by escaping gas. There is no possibility of the bodies being reached before to-morrow.

Social Events at Bar Harbor.

BAR HARBOR, August 21.—Mr. Blaine arrived to-night with Gail Hamilton and immediately was driven in his carriage to his cottage. A clerical supper at the Episcopal rectory to-night had the following guests present: Rev. Messrs. McVicker, Reese F. Alsop, Morton, Reed, Taylor and Charles Mason, and Miss McVickers, all of Philadelphia; Rev. and Miss Tidball, of Kentucky; Rev. and Mrs. John Townsend, Mr. M. B. Copeland, Miss Maggie Hubbard, of Connecticut; Rev. Waldo Burnett, C. T. Merrill, the Misses Morrill, J. Montgomery Sears, all of Boston; Rev. and Mrs. Cunningham and others.

The leading event of the week was the grand charity ball for the benefit of the Sheltering Arms of Philadelphia. It took place at St. Sauveur's. The ballroom was gaily dressed with evergreen boughs and other fancy decorations.

A \$20,000 Wreck.

HARRISBURG, August 21.—An accident of a very damaging character occurred here to-day on the Reading railroad. An iron bridge that spans the canal in a diagonal direction, and which cost sixteen thousand dollars, was smashed to pieces and six freight cars were wrecked. The accident was caused by one of the cars jumping the track after part of the train had passed over. It caused a concussion and the force was so great as to snap the heavy iron girders to pieces, pull out the stone embankments on each side and send the bridge with its load crashing into the water, at least twenty feet below. A brakeman made a narrow escape and was but slightly injured. The wrecked bridge was a new one, and was only erected two years ago on account of a similar accident. The loss is estimated at twenty thousand dollars.

The Young Men's Christian Association.

BERLIN, August 20.—The tenth annual conference of the Young Men's Christian Associations of the world convened in this city at six o'clock this evening. The opening religious exercises lasted two hours, after which Count A. Bernstorff, president of the Berlin committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, delivered an address of welcome. The Count speaks English fluently and, having visited America, is conversant with the American association methods of work for young men. The Emperor William wrote to the conference expressing sympathy with its objects, regretting that his health prohibited his meeting with the conference as a delegate.

Bodies Recovered.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., August 22.—At Greenback Slope this morning the body of William Clark was recovered at a depth of 75 yards, and that of William Taylor a short distance further down.

The bodies of Robert White and Geo. Beck were recovered this afternoon. Search for the remaining bodies is greatly retarded by water in the slope. The water is being pumped out to facilitate the search. It is expected the bodies will be found by to-morrow morning. The gas in the mine has greatly diminished.

A Fatal Quarrel.

ATLANTA, Ga., August 24.—Fred White and Eugene Robinson had a quarrel here last night, and the former shot and killed the latter.

Brief Telegrams.

DUBLIN, August 25.—The lord lieutenant of Ireland, has informed the archbishops of Tuam that a thorough inquiry has proved untrue the statement of Carey that Crown Solicitor Bolton forced him to swear falsely in the Maamtrasna murder.

DES MOINES, Iowa Aug. 22.—Governor or Sherman has, on requisition from the proper authorities, ordered company C, of Muscatine, to the coal mines in Keokuk county, where serious trouble is reported between white and colored miners.

PITTSBURGH, August 24.—The Dunbar Coke company, limited, of Fayette county, made a voluntary assignment yesterday to John F. Scott, of this city. The liabilities are \$35,000. Depreciation in the coke trade was the cause of assignment.

WARRENTON, Va., August 22.—Last night James Hord, a farmer, was drinking and playing cards with Private Ryan, of Company H, United States artillery, at Brook's store, near Fauquier Springs. The men got into a quarrel, and finally Hord drew a revolver and shot Ryan in the stomach, mortally wounding him. The murderer escaped.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 22.—In consequence of the death of John Leisenring, at Mauch Chunk, Chairman Cooper, of the Republican state committee, will call that body together in September to fill the vacancy caused on the electoral ticket by his death.

OLD ORCHARD, Me., August 21.—Three thousand dollars in bills and notes were stolen from Mr. Clark, a livery stable keeper, of Portland, last night. Mr. Clark had boarded a train for Portland, when three men entered the car, snatched the money and jumped off.

SHERIDAN, Pa., Aug. 22.—While a number of men were engaged in removing the lining of a large stack of No. 2 furnace here to-day the stack fell with a crash, demolishing part of the casting house. The stack was eighty feet high. The damage will exceed five thousand dollars. Twenty men working in the vicinity narrowly escaped being killed.

WILKESBARRE, August 24.—Judge John Richard, of this city, aged 77 years, died on board a vessel due at New York last night. He was on his return from Germany, where he had been for his health. It was his twenty-sixth trip across the Atlantic. He was associate judge of Luzerne county during the rebellion, and has been in the brewing business for over fifty years.

The Ocean Grove Camp.

OCEAN GROVE, Aug. 19.—Those who predicted a dull season for Ocean Grove have already had time to change their minds. All the leading hotels are full and many proprietors, after engaging all the available rooms they could find in cottages, have been obliged to turn away guests.

The annual camp-meeting began this morning under the most favorable auspices. The day is clear and bright. The services to-day consisted of an all-day prayer meeting held in the Auditorium, ten hours of prayer with a different leader for each hour. Dr. E. H. Stokes led the first hour; Mrs. M. S. Wheeler, of Philadelphia, the second, and Mr. J. H. Thornley, of Philadelphia, the third. The attendance all day has been large, and the vast congregations show deep religious feeling.

A Mausoleum Damaged by Fire.

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 22.—The mausoleum of the late Governor E. D. Morgan, of New York, Cedar Hill Cemetery, in this city, was damaged to the amount of 25,000 by an incendiary fire last night, which burned the scaffolding and the wooden building around it. The heat has crumbled the fine Italian marble on which were elaborate and costly artistic designs. The work was nearly completed, having been in progress four or five years. The total cost of the great tomb was \$45,000. The bodies of Governor Morgan, his two sons, the wife and two children of one son were in the vault, but the heat did not reach through the heavy granite walls and fire-brick arch of the vault. The loss will fall on the contractor.

A Laborer's Terrible Death.

WILKESBARRE, August 21.—Joseph McCullough, a laborer at Kingston shafts of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, met with a horrible death to-day. He was sent to the shaft to put on a belt. His clothes were caught by the revolving shaft and he whirled around at a great velocity. His head struck the ceiling as the body revolved and was battered beyond recognition. He was a native of Ireland and had been in this country only eighteen months.

Officers of the Sixteeners Association.

READING, Pa., Aug. 20.—At the meeting of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphans' Sixteeners to-day the following officers were elected: President, W. C. Hunter, Philadelphia; eastern vice president, Miss Bonnie Woodward, Philadelphia; western vice president, Henry L. Devan, Allegheny; recording secretary, Miss Mollie Regan, Altoona; assistant recording secretary, Miss Allie Beaver, Mechanicsburg; corresponding secretary, E. J. Smith, Harrisburg; financial secretary, Frank W. Smith, Philadelphia; treasurer, J. S. Kunzlerman, Huntingdon. Williamsport was chosen for the next meeting in August, 1885.

A Coal Mine on Fire.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., August 20.—Buck Ridge mine, owned by the Philadelphia and Reading coal and iron company, is on fire, and it will be necessary to flood it through the Greenback colliery. The loss will be heavy at both collieries. The fire is supposed to have caught from the machinery.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—We have received a copy of a neat pamphlet issued by the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society, giving the premium list for its Thirtieth Annual Exhibition at the corner of Broad Street and Lehigh Avenue, Philadelphia, September 8 to 20. The society is under the management of a very capable list of officers, Hon. L. A. Mackey, of Lock Haven Pa., being one of the Vice Presidents. The premiums offered comprise almost everything that is useful on the farm or garden, in the household, in scientific agriculture, or even for the best farm reports or the best essays on subjects of special importance.

Horses, dogs, birds, fish, etc., will come in for their share of attention and the exhibition of dogs promises to prove especially attractive. For minute particulars concerning this exhibition the premium list should be consulted and we suppose that Mr. Mackey or any other member of the board of control will send a copy on application, which should be done at once as the entry books close on September 2.

[Communicated.]

—Andrew Murray, a respected citizen of Boggs township, this county, ended his earthly career on the morning of the 20th ult., after a long and painful illness. He was a shoemaker by trade and had worked in different parts of the State, until he was burned out by the late Osceola fire; and being old and frail did not start in business again, but together with his aged wife spent most of their time with his son Thomas at Snow Shoe Intersection and his son-in-law, Mr. Haverack, in Central City, whose kindness he shared during his last illness, where also he died. He professed faith in Christ 46 years ago, was a strenuous advocate of Bible truths, through life he maintained steadfastly unto the end that God through Christ was his best friend. He was aged 79 years, 6 months and 15 days. His funeral was conducted by Rev. J. Zeigler of Messiah's Church and his remains interred in the cemetery east of Unionville. Centre Democrat and Watchman please copy. X.

—Official inquiry is now being made into the pranks of some of the members of the National Guard present at the encampment, and it is said that an order issued from division headquarters of the National Guard appoints Lieutenant Colonel Silas W. Pettit, Lieutenant Colonel Oliver Boshyshell and Lieutenant Colonel James B. Story a board of officers to inquire into, investigate and report upon alleged disorderly conduct of the troops at Harrisburg, Mechanicsburg and Gettysburg during the State encampment.

Pattison and Guthrie.

Mr. Austin Curtin, on Thursday, received the following telegrams, which will explain themselves:

HARRISBURG, Aug. 21, 1884.

AUSTIN CURTIN: Letter received, Gov. Pattison not at home.

H. D. TATE.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 21, 1884.

AUSTIN CURTIN: I am sick and unable to be present with you. I hope your encampment may be a success and you all may enjoy yourselves.

P. N. GUTHRIE,

Adj't. Gen.

—Centre county, Pa., Pomona Grange, No. 13, will be held in the hall of Progress Grange, Centre Hall, Tuesday, September 2, 1884, commencing at 10 o'clock sharp. All subordinate Granges in the county are expected to send three delegates, as business concerning their welfare is to be transacted. All fourth degree members are invited. Hope there will be a general turnout from all parts of the county. Afternoon session will commence at 1 o'clock.

JAS. C. GILAND, Sec'y.

—The Sun and Banner, of Williamsport, ascribes the invention of roller skates to a Yankee named Plympton only a dozen years ago. That must be incorrect for the writer of this, although not a Methuselah, remembers to have skated on roller skates more than a dozen years ago, and in Williamsport too. They were then more popularly called "parlor" skates, but they were manipulated on rollers.

—Christie's School of Business in Lock Haven is one of the educational establishments of that city which reflects infinite credit upon it. Organized only a few months ago, it has already done good work and has a large attendance of pupils. The Principal is a gentleman of extensive experience in this line of work and the entire corps of instructors are capable and efficient.

—It is now said that the murderer of young Smearmund at Newton Hamilton campmeeting on Thursday evening, is a man named Curtin McClain, of Orbisonia.

Card from Dr. Dio Lewis.

OFFICE OF DR. LEXWIS MONTHLY, BIBLE HOUSE, N. Y., Aug. 12, '84.

MR. EDITOR:

Dear Sir—I have at length gained possession of my magazine—Dio Lewis' Monthly. Hereafter all communications to its editor or publisher, and all business about my books, must be addressed Dio Lewis, Bible House, New York.

Those who have sent money to others for Dio Lewis' Monthly, or for other books, and have received nothing in return, will please communicate with me at once.

Very respectfully,
DIO LEWIS.

Business Notices and Other Items.

—Notwithstanding Ingersoll's talk has not affected the Bible injuriously in the least, roller skating has accomplished that object, and the manager of the Centre Democrat announces that he is entirely "played out" because of Thursday's exertions at the rink.

ANY HOUSEKEEPER who sends at once the names of five married ladies, at same address, and 12 two-cent stamps for postage, will receive free for one entire year, a handsome, entertaining and instructive Domestic Journal, devoted to Fashions, Fancy Works, Decorating, Shopping, Cooking, and Household matters. Best paper published for ladies. Every housekeeper wants it. Regular price, \$1.00. Must send now! Address, DOMESTIC JOURNAL, Nunda, N. Y.

16303m

—The roller skating rink was the rendezvous for a large number of the very best people in Bellefonte last Saturday evening. It grows in popularity constantly. Among the particularly noticeable skaters on Saturday evening was Miss Leonard, of Davenport, Iowa. Miss Mary Gephart, of this place, is also acquiring considerable skill.

—See a woman in another column, near Speer's Vineyards picking grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession, for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged. Sold by druggists. 16301y

—Rev. John Harpster, of Trenton, N. J., is visiting relatives in Centre Hall. The Reverend gentleman is a Lutheran. He served as a missionary in India several years ago and expects to go to that country again.

LADIES' MEDICAL ADVICE.—A complete Medical Work for Women, handsomely bound in cloth and illustrated; postpaid for 10 two-cent stamps. Tells how to prevent and cure all diseases of the sex, by a treatment at home. Worth its weight in gold to every lady suffering from any of these diseases. Over 10,000 sold already. Address, NUNDA PUBLISHING CO., Nunda, N. Y. 16303m

—The market Saturday morning was excellent. There were blackberries and huckleberries in abundance and people bought them readily, for it is believed that the season for these berries will end within a week.

SCROFULA.—A medicine that destroys the germs of Scrofula and has the power to root it out is appreciated by the afflicted. The remarkable cures of men, women and children as described by testimonials, prove Hood's Sarsaparilla a reliable medicine containing remedial agents which eradicate scrofula from the blood, 100 doses \$1.00. Sold by all dealers. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Bellefonte Markets.

Bellefonte, August 26, 1884.	
Red Wheat, per bushel	\$.95
Mixed Wheat	.90
Barley	.52
Rye per bushel	.65
Corn (shelled)	.60
Oats	.35
Cloverseed, fair to good	\$5.00
do prime to extra	5.50
do choice	6.00
Flour, retail, per barrel	5.00
Flour, wholesale	4.75

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	\$12.00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8.00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10.00
Short straw per ton	6.00 to 8.00

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentine's Store Co., "Limited."	
Apples, dried, per pound	.70
Cherries, dried, per pound	.20
Bones per quart	.05
Fresh butter per pound	.25
Chickens per piece	.25
Cheese per pound	.15 to .16
Country hams per pound	.15
Hams, sugar cured	.16
Country Bacon	.11
Lard per pound	.12 1/2
Eggs per doz.	.15
Potatoes (new), per bushel	.60
Dried beef	.22
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	.20
Canned tomatoes per can	.10 to .12 1/2
Canned corn	.10 to .12 1/2
Lemons per doz.	.30 to .40
Dried sweet corn per pound	.07

Royal Baking Powder.

Lines from Loveville.

IN WHICH A TRIP TO THE COUNTY TOWN IS RECORDED.

LOVEVILLE, August 21, 1884.

Mr. John Wilson continues to purchase improved farm implements. Last week he brought home a sulky plow which adds another to the already quite large collection of machinery owned by him.

Saturday, the 16th inst., was noted as being the dulllest day in Loveville for a long time. The streets were entirely deserted, the children were quiet, the dogs refused to howl, and to convince himself that it was not the "Sacred Sabbath" a business man of the town consulted the calendar, after vainly expostulating with the mechanics for their neglect to shut shop.

Even in so retired a spot as Loveville—a place that is a refuge for wornout humanity, where the weary can seek rest and quiet from the busy humdrum of large towns—men cannot refrain from "yarning." We will cite but one instance. A few evenings since when those assembled in the town were passing time by telling bumblebee stories and Mr. B—had finished recounting a marvelous tale, Mr. E—said, "Why that's nothing; when we ploughed that new ground the bumblebees were so thick as to partly darken the sun." He of course took the Barlow.

Tuesday, the 19th instant, dawned fair and beautiful. Not a cloud was to be seen above the horizon. The calm splendor of the morning was in accordance with the wishes of many who purposed on that day visiting the G. A. R. encampment at Camp Curtin, Bellefonte. Among the number thus inclined was your correspondent, and although our recital of the incidents of the day will be inadequate to the occasion, still it may interest some. We boarded the train at Port Matilda, and ere long were landed safely in the county town where we were surprised and pleased to notice the quite gay decorations visible at all places. We first wended our way to the Court House yard to listen to the grand concert given by the Weccacoe Band, which was a masterly effort of their skill as musicians. Retracing our steps from the yard, we gazed with admiration on the beautiful fountain erected at the yard entrance, and thought that in truth Bellefonte ought to be proud of her ladies as the fountain is the fruit of their labor. Nothing of importance occurring till late in the day, we pass over the intervening time till 5 p. m. when we landed on the tented field for the first time during the day. Inquiring as to the programme, we learned of Rev. John Hector's address in the large tent. We repaired thither, paid a dime for a ticket and walked in, but heard no lecture. Feeling somewhat hungry, we bethought ourselves of the boarding house, and at once hastened there. We paid our quarter at the door, went in and—got nothing. The dense throng had already, as they termed it, "eaten them out." We would not have cared, but they should not have taken our q-u-a-r-t-e-r. However, we sojourned with a view of the grand spectacle witnessed in the dress parade, which was very imposing. This was followed by the sham battle, which tended in a measure to illustrate to the inexperienced the "how it goes" in war, and we thought what must be the spectacle of hundreds of thousands of men engaged in mortal combat with the deadly missiles falling as hail around them. The thought was followed by one of pride for the brave ones who there fought so nobly, and I coveted the pleasure of grasping them by the hand and thanking them separately for their valor. After the close of the sham battle we returned to town and took the 10:10 p. m. special for home, where we arrived safe and sound after a toilsome journey through the dark across Muncy mountain. And thus ended our trip to the encampment.

Notes from Millheim.

MILLHEIM, Aug. 21, 1884.

MR. EDITOR.—We want to see some mention made of Millheim occasionally in your paper.

There is much "kicking" here just now among the Democrats over their nominations. By far the larger number wanted Sammy Foust for Sheriff and got only Miles Walker, and a large number are opposed to Rhone. The Republican ticket gives general satisfaction. None of them are turncoats but all are good men.

The Democratic convention had all the Alexanders in it, (Bill, Christ and Reed), and they tried to control all the nominations and hopped up continually until the chair sat down on Bill when he wanted to make a speech, and the meeting sat down on Reed when he attempted to make the Rhone nomination unanimous. A fellow the other day asked Dr. Johnny Harter how it is that he is

the only Republican in Millheim and can stay there. Johnny replied that it is because he is the only gentleman in the place.

This is sometimes called Reifeny-dertown, except when D. A. Musser gets ahead and then it becomes Musserstown.

The Evangelicals will have the finest church building in the valley when finished.

There won't be much western fever here for sometime—Werser and Dutweiler have cooled it down.

HOPPER.

—Warner & Merritt, of Philadelphia, the largest fruit importers in America, have failed because they imported too many bananas which were unsalable. The banana skin has always had a leading reputation for causing even the most dignified to fall—on the pavement. Now a new danger is discovered in the banana itself as it succeeded in upsetting an entire firm.

Four years ago the Democratic canvass in Maine languished until just one week before the election. In that week more work was done for the Democratic "fusion" ticket than in all the canvass before. By Monday before the Tuesday of the election the "work" was distributed, the "arguments" were placed, and when the votes were counted Tuesday the result was seen, and it may be well to remember, it elected Garfield by the Republican efforts which succeeded.

No one doubts that Cleveland wrote his own letter of acceptance. Every word, line and sentence indicate that fact. We believe that Dorsheimer and Tilden have excellent cause for action against newspapers that intimated that the former would write the letter and the latter revise it. Cleveland was pig-headed enough to write it himself and of course it is a lamentable botch.

A Remorseful Darkey.

"I hope you are sorry that you took the pants," said an Austin judge to a colored culprit. "I am, boss, for a fac'." "You would not do it again would you?" "I don't reckon I'll eber get another chance at dem ar pants." "I mean that you are sorry you took them?" "I is dat. I was sorry as soon as I tuck 'em. I expected ter find, at de least, five dollars in dem pants, but dar was nuffin in 'em 'ceptin' a kear ticket and a key. As soon as I run my han' in de pockets I felt remorse, jedge, and I've been a remorseful niggah eber since.—Texas Siftings.

Among the nearly one hundred memorial stones, thus far contributed to the Washington monument is one from Vesuvius, sent by Mr. William Terrell, of Georgia.

A SIGH FOR HOME.

The moon now wakes to brighter hours, And dew drops like the blushing flowers; The music of the murmuring stream Seems waking nature from its dream.

Old Sol now mounts the world of space To show his bright and smiling face; As he goes wandering 'on his way, As if he was the king of day.

The mighty mountains in the air, High up, their foggy bracelets wear; And every leaf upon the trees Basks in the cradle of the breeze.

Fair Luna stood her watch all night; When morning rose she took her flight. The stars no longer watches keep—Are closed, like infant's eyes, asleep.

But, what are all these scenes to me? I'm happy as a man can be; But memory to my loved ones roam, And makes me wish that I was home.

Medical

WHAT WILL convince you of the wonderful curative properties combined in Hood's Sarsaparilla, if the remarkable cures that have been effected by its use fail to impress upon your mind this repeatedly proven fact? Thousands are using it, and all declare that it is a medicine possessing even more than its name implies. My friend, if you are sick or in that condition that you cannot call yourself either sick or well, go and get a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and realize yourself how this medicine hits the right spot, and puts all the machinery of your body into working order.

From the Registrar of Deeds for Middlesex County, Northern District.

LOWELL, MASS. Messrs. C. I. Hood & Co.: Gentlemen.—It affords me much pleasure to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla. My health has been such that for some years past I have been obliged to take a tonne of some kind in the spring, and have never found anything that did my wants as your Sarsaparilla. It tones up my system, purifies my blood, sharpens my appetite, and seems to make me over. Respectfully yours, J. F. THOMPSON.

One of our prominent business men said to us the other day: "In the spring my wife got all run down and could not eat anything; passing your store I saw a pile of Hood's Sarsaparilla in the window, and I got a bottle. After she had been taking it a week she had a rousing appetite, and it did her everything. She took three bottles, and it was the best three dollars I ever invested."

Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all druggists. Price at a bottle, or six bottles for \$5. C. I. HOOD & CO., Apocaries Lowell, Mass.

Furniture and Bedding.

J. C. BRACHBILL.

W. R. BRACHBILL.

J. BRACHBILL'S SONS, Furniture and Bedding!

The Largest Stock! The Lowest Prices!

UPHOLSTERING A SPECIALTY.

NO. 20 SPRING STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

16-281f

STEOBENVILLE FEMALE SEMINARY. Next Session Opens Sept. 10. Buildings Furniture, CATALOGUE. Liberal course of study. Art and music thoroughly taught. Instruction adapted to individual needs. Generous tables; home comforts; healthful location; Christian oversight; moderate terms. 16 29 2m REV. J. W. WIGHTMAN, D. D., Principal, Steubenville, Ohio.

Miscellaneous.

Seed Wheat for Sale! 150 BUSHEL

AMBER SEED WHEAT

FOR SALE.

This Wheat originated in Pennsylvania in 1878, and has since been tested in more than a dozen different States and Canada with great success. Requires but three pecks of seed to the acre.

Seedmen ask four dollars per bushel for this wheat, and testimonials by the hundred from east, west, north and south speak in the highest terms of praise of it.

Price \$1.50 per bushel to Centre county customers. Address G. K. BAKER, Lemont, Pa.

16 33 4t

ESTRAY.—Came upon the premises of the undersigned, in College township, on or about the 26th of June, a red cow with white head and drooped horns. No marks. The owner is requested to call, prove property, pay charges and take the animal away or it will be disposed of according to law.

Lemont, Aug. 12, 1884. URIAH EBY.

16 32 3t

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the name of Wm. Grauer & Co. has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All the uncollected assets belong to and will be collected by the new firm announced below.

Snow Shoe, Pa. } H. S. FRANK, M. B. LOEB, WM. GRAUER.

Aug. 18, 1884. } a18d4w2w

The undersigned having purchased the interest of Max B. Loeb and H. S. Frank in the late firm of Wm. Grauer & Co., at Snow Shoe, Pa., will continue the business at the same place and in the same name. They will collect all the assets and pay all the liabilities of the late firm.

Snow Shoe, Pa. } WM. GRAUER, ADOLPH LOEB, SIMON LOEB.

Aug. 18, 1884. } a18d4w2w

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania on Monday, the 6th day of October, 1884, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to Provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of Certain Corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the re-charter of "THE IRON COAL AND LIGNITE COMPANY," the character and object of which is the mining and preparing for market by itself, its agents and lessees, the coal and other minerals found on or under the surface of its lands in Northumberland and Centre counties, Pennsylvania, and also the manufacture and preparing for market the timber growing on its lands, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

JNO. H. VINCENT, Solicitor.

Northumberland, Pa., Aug. 5, 1884. 52 3t

Jefferson Hall, CANONSBURG, PA.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Prepare for college or business. Instruction thorough. Care and oversight constant and strict. Pupils observe study hours and study in the presence of teachers. French, German and music taught. For information address Aug 20 4t

Rev. WM. EWING.

Wanted Immediately YOUNG MEN TO 14,000 miles of wire now being extended by the R. A. O. Telegraph Co. The National Tel. Co. organizes d. The Bankers & Merchants and The Postal Tel. Co. are both pushing ahead with new lines. The Standard Multiplex Tel. Co., recently incorporated, extends East, West, North and South. Good positions now ready. For further information address, with stamp, THE PENN. & NEW JERSEY TELEGRAPH SHORT HAND AND TYPE WRITING INSTRUCTION COMPANY, Main Office, 225, Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Penn'a. 16 33 4t

Great Inducements

OFFERED AT THE

BELLEFONTE

MARBLE WORKS

—IN—

Italian, Rutland, Sutherland Falls, French, Blue and Dorset

MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES

—AND—

Burial Vaults.

GRANITE WORK A SPECIALTY.

Sutherland Falls Tiling, with Isle La Motte Marble for Border.

Tubular, Galvanized and Wrought Iron Fencing for cemetery lots and private yards.

GRAVE GUARDS, IRON SETTEES, CHAIRS & VASES

AT SPECIAL RATES.

Also Enamelled Slate Mantels, Marbleized and Decorated Hearths, Fire Grates, Registers, Furniture and Wash-stands, Toys, Bracket Shelves, &c., &c.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

S. A. STOVER,

PROPRIETOR,

High Street, BELLEFONTE, PA.

16 28 1f

S. & A. Loeb.

Sechler & Co.

Attention, Veterans!

250

G. A. R.

SUITS

JUST RECEIVED

Color Guaranteed.

WORKMANSHIP THE BEST.

BUY A

WATCH

Until you have seen and examined the

Rockford

Watch.

At the Company's Agency, in Bellefonte, or in the hands of over

300 SATISFIED OWNERS

IN

CENTRE COUNTY.

FRANK P. BLAIR,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Sole Agent for Centre County, Pa., for the

Rockford Watch Co.

S. & A. LOEB

New Goods!

SECHLER & CO.

Proprietors of the only complete grocery in Centre county, announce to the people of the county that they are now receiving Fresh, New Goods for the

Summer Season

1884.

Stock Complete! Nothing Wanting!

SPICES.—The best cook in the land cannot cook successfully without pure, fresh spices. These we have in every variety. Well-seasoned food adds to long life and happiness.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS.—In Sugars and Syrups we have all the best brands in the market. Much of the sugar now sold is adulterated, and in an article of this kind there is great waste. We buy from reliable dealers, and handle only the genuine goods.

TEAS AND COFFEES.—No breakfast can be thoroughly enjoyed without a good cup of coffee or tea. A drink of this kind is stimulating and goes right to the spot. Our Coffees and Teas are fresh and strictly pure. The fragrant odor which escapes from the steaming pot as it comes in from the kitchen will convince you of this. We sell more coffee than any other two houses in the county. Why? Because we sell the best and the people know it.

NUTS, CONFECTIONERY, ETC.—In Nuts and Confectionery we have everything that is nice, and just what will please the young folks, and old folks as well. Our candies are all pure and wholesome; We do not handle the highly-colored, poisonous mixtures that ruin and decay the teeth. We have new Florida oranges (this fall's crop), fine Figs and Prunes, and a choice line of Canned Fruits and Preserves. Bear this in mind when preparing to Celebrate the merry holidays.

We make special mention of the above lines of goods because they are all leading articles at this season of the year. In other lines our stock is equally fresh and complete.

We buy the Best Goods and sell at the Lowest Figures.

Call in and inspect our No. 1 goods. Then you will know where to purchase when your cupboard needs replenishing.

Sechler & Co.,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

15-441f

JAS. HARRIS & CO.,
DEALERS IN

Hardware and Stoves,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

A First-Class Tin Shop in connection with the Establishment.

PENNSYLVANIA
STATE COLLEGE
Winter Term Begins Sept. 10, 1884
EXAMINATIONS FOR ADMISSION, SEPT. 10.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Latin Scientific course.
3. The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course:
(a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY;
(c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture.
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A reorganized Course in Mechanical Arts, Combining shop-work with study.
7. A new Special Course (two years) in Literature and Science, for Young Ladies.
8. A Carefully graded Preparatory Course.
9. Special Courses are arranged to meet the wants of individual students.

Military drill is required. Expenses reduced and incidentals very low. Tuition free for Young ladies under charge of a competent lay Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address
GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., President,
State College, Centre Co., Pa.

14-29-84

STEAM ENGINES Clay and second-hand Engines and Machinery a specialty second-hand Engines and Boilers on hand. See them for Stock List. THOMAS CARLISLE, Allegheny City.
16 19 17 cew

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Israel Sternberg is helping Mr. Valentine Smith to sell groceries this week.

—Secretary Crow, of the Y. M. C. A., managed the mail department of the camp ground and was kept quite busy.

—A very excellent and substantial new boardwalk has been laid in front of the residence of Assemblyman J. G. Love.

—A continuous roar proceeding from the skating rink every night indicates that there are lively times in that establishment.

—Morris Swartz is taking an inside view of F. P. Green's pharmacy during the encampment, giving his chief attention to the soda fountain.

—The best letters from Camp Curtin have been written by Miss Mattie Hamlin to the Philadelphia Times. She is a model correspondent.

—A remarkably handsome bouquet, arranged with really artistic skill, ornamented the pulpit in the Presbyterian church on Sunday, the 17th.

—A colored drum corps met Rev. John Hector at the train on Monday and conducted him to the home of Mr. William Jones, whose guest he is at present.

—The veterans say they were never tendered such a warm and generous reception at Gettysburg and they may return to Bellefonte again. Come and welcome.

—A boy aged only 8 years and weighing 118 pounds was much observed on the streets on Tuesday. He is the son of a Mr. Watson, residing in this county.

—Mr. Frank Yealy, formerly of Harris' pharmacy in this place and now residing in Philadelphia, has been tarrying among Bellefonte friends since Friday, the 15th.

—The lecture to have been delivered by Rev. E. A. Tortat, of Gettysburg, on Monday evening, the 18th, did not occur because of the very small audience which gathered to listen to it.

—Mr. A. C. Mingle's horse ran away on Sunday evening, the 17th, but quite fortunately nobody was hurt, although Mr. Mingle and his family were in the conveyance at the time.

—Mr. W. E. Burchfield, of Philipsburg, is looking at the crowds which surge through the streets of the county town, and we infer that he believes that Bellefonte is about as big as Philipsburg this week.

—Two slight fires occurred in Philipsburg on Saturday night, the 16th, one of them in the Potter House and the other in the cellar of Kremer's pool room. The flames were quite easily extinguished in each instance.

—Mr. J. C. Romberger, the station agent at Unionville, who was injured by the cars on Saturday, the 16th, and was stated in the News to have died from the effects of his injuries, is not dead, but instead is recovering quite rapidly. We are pleased to make this latter announcement.

—There are three letters in the Bellefonte post office which are incorrectly addressed as follows: "Miss Rebecca Shuk, Bald Eagle, Centre Co., Pa.," "Wm. W. Abrams, Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa.," from Altoona, and "Miss Joy Mason, Centre Co., Pa.," from Williamsport.

—A decoration which we have heretofore omitted to notice but which is one of the most beautiful in Bellefonte is that in front of the Post room of No. 95. The words "Welcome, Comrades" form the top piece, and in the centre is a beautiful eagle made of green, while below all is a star with "95"—the number of the Post—inscribed on it.

—The Synod of Central Pennsylvania of the Lutheran church will hold its 31st annual session in the English Lutheran church of Lock Haven, September 17 to 22. This Synod is composed of 33 churches principally in Centre, Clinton, Mifflin, Juniata and Perry counties, and will be represented in convention by a minister and lay delegate from each charge.

—We regret to learn that Mrs. Albert R. Wynn is very ill with bilious fever at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Hartsock, in Patton township. She is the wife of Coleman Wynn, who was killed at Scotia a few months ago, a notice of which appeared in this paper at the time. It is reported that there are twelve cases of this fever within a radius of a mile and a half in Patton township.

—An accident occurred Tuesday evening, the 19th, as the special train left this place for Tyrone. The cars were crowded and Miss Packer, a resident of Marsh Creek, was standing or sitting so that one of her feet hung over the edge of the car. The car in the rear was forced up against the one on which she was standing, her foot being caught and quite seriously hurt. She was taken to her home on the same train.

THE CITY OF TENTS.

Interesting Exercises on the Camp Ground—Cane Presentation and Mask Ball.

From the Daily News of Tuesday, August 19.
Camp Curtin is divided into three sections. The largest section is on the level ground while the other two sections are on rising ground east and south. Down on the level are the two Williamsport posts, Altoona, Tyrone, Pittsburgh and Philadelphia. There are also the camp headquarters. Post 95 has its headquarters near the big tent.

On the hill toward the east is Col. Huling Post from Mifflin county; the Williamsport colored post, Col. Fribble; Simpson Post of Huntingdon; Bucktail Post 142, of Renovo, which was the first to arrive on Saturday, and several others.

On the rising ground toward the south are the Centre county posts—Samuel Shannon Post, No. 282, of Centre Hall; William L. First Post, of Stormstown, and also a post from Mifflin county.

On Monday afternoon a few officers, the Middleburg band and a number of other people mounted the hill toward George Tate's tent on the eastern slope. There the band played, after which Comrade D. M. Glenn appeared and Asst. Adj't Gen. Stewart, grasping an elegant gold-headed cane, presented it to Mr. Glenn in a brief speech. Then General Elliot, who proved himself to be a good speaker, replied in Mr. Glenn's behalf. He referred to Mr. Glenn as a survivor of the Bucktails, who, he said, never lost a fight, and that Mr. Glenn had won in a contest proved him to be a worthy representative of that regiment. He congratulated the Bucktails, the Grand Army and Mr. Glenn and almost everybody and was applauded by three cheers and a tiger. The cane which Mr. Glenn won in his contest with Cal. Harper is a very elegant affair and will be a strong support to that gentleman in his remaining walks through life.

At 6 o'clock occurred the dress parade, which was very fine.

THE DRESS PARADE.

The dress parade, which was the attraction at the camp at 6 o'clock, was one of the most beautiful that has ever been given on the occasion of an annual encampment. It was witnessed and admired by thousands occupying picturesque positions on the elevations surrounding the parade ground.

AN INCIDENT OF THE PARADE.

John M. Delaney, of Shenandoah, Schuylkill county, is one of the merriest of the many very merry "blue coats" now in Bellefonte. He is also an interesting person from the fact that he is the sole survivor in Pennsylvania of the crew of the Kearsarge which defeated the Alabama. On Monday evening he marched with Post No. 62, of Altoona, on dress parade, and added to the conspicuous part which that Post always takes in such exhibitions.

THE MASQUERADE BALL.

The central tent, which had received the addition of a substantial board floor, was the scene of a brilliant gathering last evening. It was the masquerade ball given by Post 51 of Philadelphia. The "Razors" and "Lambas" were there in their merriest moods. The members of Post 51 with many of their friends were attired in the most ridiculous outfits possible to imagine and the dance continued until quite a late hour.

EXCURSIONS.

This morning at 8:30 o'clock about 10 cars, well filled, moved over the Snow Shoe branch railroad to the summit of Snow Shoe mountain. They will enjoy themselves and will escape much of the prevailing heat at that high elevation where everlasting winter abides.

The excursionists to the Penn Caves on Monday, returned at an early hour. Many of them were members of the Philadelphia Posts who have extensive experience in such natural curiosities and they pronounce the caves wonderful and interesting in a high degree.

THE WECCACOE BAND CONCERT.

This morning at 10 o'clock the Weccacoe Band, stationed themselves beneath the trees in the Court House yard for the purpose of entertaining the assembled multitude with one of their delightful concerts. They rendered, in almost matchless style, the following hastily selected programme:

1. March—"Salutation".....Wiegand
2. Selection—"Dances of '83".....Boettger
3. Cornet Solo—"Little Polka".....Wiegand
4. Waltz—"Visions of a Beautiful Woman".....Farbach
5. Hungarian Dance—"Csardas".....Haselein

It is a real treat to listen to this band and their music is highly appreciated in Bellefonte. We are informed that this Band recently purchased new uniforms at a cost of over \$1700. They did not bring them to Bellefonte—a fact which we regret. But they look very handsome, play wonderfully and are very pleasant gentlemen. Some of their number

are quite wealthy and music is with them a passion—not a mere source of "revenue exclusively." They dined to-day with a Bellefonte friend who is acquainted with almost every member of the band. Mr. Frank Wescott was their host and doubtless feasted them with substantial viands as well as a "feast of reason and a flow of soul." They are as famous for their gentlemanly deportment as for their musical abilities and their conduct since arriving in Bellefonte seems to prove the truth of this reputation.

A LETTER FROM GEN. CRAWFORD.
Comrade Austin Curtin has received the following letter of regret for non-attendance from Gen. Crawford of the U. S. Army:

THE HOLLY INN,
Cumberland Co., Penn'a.,
Aug. 14, 1884.

Comrade Austin Curtin, Bellefonte, Penn'a.:
DEAR SIR AND COMRADE—Your very kind invitation, received to-day, gratified me very much.

Nothing would have given me greater pleasure than to have come to you had I known of it in time. It is now, I fear, too late for the parade and a positive engagement which I have Tuesday would seem to prevent my being present at all.

I would have been glad to have joined the brave men who are to meet in your hospitable town and have renewed old associations, ever more precious as time goes on; and to have met the citizens of Bellefonte would have been peculiarly agreeable to me. Their generous kindness to the Division of the Penn'a. Reserves some years ago still lingers in grateful memory. I still hope at a later period to visit your town.

Hoping that you may have a cordial and joyous re-union, as well as a renewed devotion to the principles of free government you helped to save, I am with repeated thanks to the committee and yourself,

Sincerely your friend and comrade,
S. W. CRAWFORD,
B't Maj. Gen'l, U. S. Army.

TUESDAY AT CAMP CURTIN.

A Tremendous Crowd Through the Grounds from Morning Until Night.

From Wednesday's Daily News.
Talk about the vast throngs of people in Bellefonte on Saturday, the 16th! No assemblage of people within our recollection can compare with that of Tuesday, the 19th. And yet, until 6 o'clock there were no exercises of an unusual character, and all the people did during the day was to perspire beneath the hottest sun of the summer and look at one another.

No vast amphitheatre ever built could have contained the thousands. Nature's big building alone was equal to it. Even the hillsides were crowded and as one scrambled over the hillside it was at the imminent and horrible risk of falling into some girl's lap.

The dress parade was not equal to previous exhibitions of the kind, as there were not so many soldiers in line. They went through about the same evolutions and delighted the assembled multitudes.

The people waited patiently for the sham battle—an exhibition which they had looked forward to for months. Darkness closed over the ground, but no battle lines were formed. The people were just about organizing with the intention of making a real battle by charging en masse on the camp when an event occurred which prevented the accomplishment of that purpose. A yellow, luminous object began to rise from beyond the line of tents on the western end of the ground. "A balloon!" "A balloon!" was the exclamation heard on all sides. The little air-ship rose gracefully and rapidly toward the heavens, going in an eastern direction over the heads of the multitudes. As it went up fireworks were exploded from it and bright balls of fire floated down among the people. Two other balloons followed the first at intervals of perhaps ten minutes, and each took the same direction and vied with the preceding one in beauty. Never were balloons ascended more successfully. They went up into the clear sky to a wonderful height until they looked like bright red planets—like the blood red god of war, the mighty Mars.

When these had disappeared beyond human vision brilliant fireworks were exploded, and as the condition of the atmosphere was well suited for pyrotechnics, the Roman candles and rockets ascended to a dizzy height and burst into fragments of wondrous beauty as they neared the zenith.

A cannon on the parade ground, and another on the high land toward the east belched forth their mighty sounds and the echo went from crag to crag among the mountains. We are informed that an effort was made to form the soldiers in line of battle and a few charges were attempted, but, if this was done, it was not visible to a large part of the people, and if indeed a sham battle was attempted

it was such a pronounced and veritable sham as scarcely to be recognizable.

But the evening was so thoroughly pleasant and the crowd so lively that the occasion was thoroughly enjoyable and the hour for departure came all too soon. It required the utmost effort on the part of the hundreds of hackmen to transport the people again to town, but at length even that was successfully accomplished.

Rev. John Hector did not lecture in the Court House last evening, but instead talked to a small audience in the big tent on the Camp Ground. Admission price was only ten cents.

A business meeting of the G. A. R. was held in the big tent this morning at 11 o'clock. Gettysburg was decided on as the place for the next encampment.

Mrs. Gibbs, of Milesburg, representing the Woman's Relief Corps No. 3, is the only representative of that organization at the camp.

The reunion of the 45th Regiment, P. V., which was to have been held on the camp grounds at 9 o'clock this morning was postponed until 2 o'clock this afternoon in the Court House. About 100 members of the regiment are here.

THE SOLDIERS.

Reunion of the 45th Regiment.—A Camp Fire in the Evening.

The members of the 45th regiment in Bellefonte met in the Court House on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Hector led in prayer. Captain John I. Curtin was elected permanent chairman and a committee was appointed on permanent organization. During the time the committee retired from the room the War Governor of Pennsylvania, A. G. Curtin, was called on for a speech and responded briefly but in a speech that was loudly applauded.

He reminded the audience that although he was not a soldier he had occupied a position which required him to make soldiers of other men. Some stayed at home because of their dignity and others because they were afraid to go. [Cheers.] He reminded the veterans that many of them are in poverty now, who in France under Napoleon would have been made field marshals if they had performed similar deeds of heroism there. He believes that the surplus money in the treasury and the millions of silver dollars should be given to the soldiers; it will benefit them and circulate the money to the benefit of trade. It is not necessary to build new vaults in which to store it. [Cheers.]

The heart of the American citizen should go out in gratitude to the soldier for what he has done. Suppose the soldiers had failed in what they went forth to do. The government would have fallen and discord prevailed. Let it be understood now that the government will be obeyed. The men gathered before him will not live many days and the man who gave them the eagle will also soon die. The Governor concluded with a pleasant reference to the water from the big spring resembling gin.

The committee on organization reported the following officers: Vice Presidents—John Emery, of Co. I; L. W. Lord, of Co. F; J. M. Kilborne, of Co. M; Cyrus Bruner, of Co. B. Executive Committee—Tressler of K. Bigelow of C. Myers of K. J. F. Lucas of D. Luke Seelye of H. Treasurer—Smith of D. The report was adopted. Captain Curtin moved that the membership fee be only 50 cents. Carried.

Gettysburg and Williamsport were named as places for the reunion next year and Williamsport decided on at a time to be fixed by the executive committee.

Letters of regret for non-attendance were received from Maj. R. C. Cheesman, of Washington, Jacob W. Reese, of Harrisburg, and J. M. Kilborne.

A letter from Sue F. Campbell, of Rock Springs, was read asking for the address of members of the regiment who would give information respecting John O. Campbell, of Co. E.

Among the persons who were called upon to rise just so the rest of the regiment might look at them were the colored sergeant and the 2d color bearer, respectively.

"Rally around the Flag" was sung, led by Comrade Goodfellow.

Col. Gregg, a member of the regiment who died in the service and who is buried in Curtin Cemetery, five miles from Bellefonte, was spoken of as the man who averted a disaster in the battle of the Wilderness by starting the song "Rally around the Flag." The propriety of raising a monument to his memory was discussed, and, on motion, a committee was appointed to make the necessary arrangements.

Comrade Gast, of Lancaster, was elected chaplain of the regiment. Although the services of a surgeon are almost unnecessary, for form's sake one was elected in the person of Dr.

Theo. S. Christ, and Dr. Maxwell as assistant surgeon.

Gen. Beaver was called upon for a speech and responded, recalling recollections of the days he spent as lieutenant colonel of the regiment which were his happiest experiences of the war. Previous to that his time was spent in training for service and after leaving the 45th his fighting time came. There is so much to recount that he favors having a three day's reunion next time.

Rev. John Hector followed with one of his usually eloquent speeches. He also offered to give the proceeds of a lecture at Williamsport during the next reunion to the fund for Col. Gregg's monument.

The meeting adjourned at 4 o'clock and the members indulged in a regimental drill in the Court House yard.

Wednesday evening on the camp ground was one of the most pleasant occasions of the encampment. Early in the evening a fantastic drill took place which was the source of much amusement.

At a later hour a great camp fire was kindled and a variety of exercises were given greatly interesting the hundreds of people who had gathered on the ground.

General Wagner, from the grand stand, made an appeal in behalf of Comrade Ryman, of Post 283, who was severely injured during the day, and who must remain in Bellefonte about two weeks before he can go home. The posts responded generously and about \$500 was raised for the unfortunate man. Post 51 of Philadelphia was the first to give \$25; the Department of Pennsylvania also gave \$25, afterwards increasing it to \$50. Pledges of \$10 or \$5 each were made by nearly all the posts represented on the ground and General Wagner gave \$25 from a fund of which he is trustee and a similar amount as his individual pledge. Rev. John Hector, Comrade Austin Curtin and others wearing big hats circulated through the crowd and took up a collection.

When this exercise was ended Gen. Beaver appeared on the platform and told the veterans how much their presence in Bellefonte is appreciated by the citizens and hoping that they will return in the near future.

Rev. John Hector was called to the stand by Adjutant Stewart and some sharp repartee took place between the two gentlemen, Hector bringing down the house by saying that if he and Stewart were not related he would tell the people what he thought of him.

Lewis, the drummer for the Weccacoe band, sang two humorous Dutch songs, Mr. Kindle, the leader performed a cornet solo, accompanied by the band, and the Weccacoe Band quartette rendered a song in fine style.

Then Past Dep't Commander Jno. M. Vanderslice of Philadelphia delivered a brief and excellent address announcing at its conclusion that Adjutant Stewart would recite "Snider's Ride" which that gentleman did in his inimitable style.

This concluded the performances from the grand stand and the crowds separated after giving three cheers and repeating them with vigor.

Dancing in the big tent was continued during the evening.

"That tired feeling" from which you suffer so much, particularly in the morning, is entirely thrown off by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

—Comrade Ryman, of Post 283, who was hurt at Camp Curtin on Wednesday, is much better.

Miscellaneous.

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Miscellaneous.

NOTICE—Samuel Musser, of the township of Ferguson and the county of Centre, has applied to the Secretary of Internal Affairs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for twelve acres of unimproved land situated in said township of Ferguson and county of Centre, bounded by lands of Frederick Gates' estate on the east, Shorth, Stewart & Co. on the south, David Harpster's estate on the west and lands of said Samuel Musser on the north.
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Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN. - Editor

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Local Department.

—There was new moon last Wednesday.

—September 4 is the last day to register.

—There is a glut in the Bellefonte watermelon market.

—Renovo is aspiring to the pretensions of a summer resort.

—A new railroad from Somerset to Johnstown is being discussed.

—The young ladies in the Telephone Exchange are becoming experts on roller skates.

—Jacob Tome, the Port Deposit millionaire, is reported to be engaged to Miss Nesbit of the same place.

—A lady named Kipple from East Waterford, was instantly killed on Thursday by the cars at Port Royal, Pa.

—“Forty bushels of wheat to the acre” is what some of the College township farmers report the result of recent threshing.

—John Lyon, son of S. S. Lyon, Esq., came up from Pennsylvania Furnace last week and tarried among his friends in town.

—On Sunday, August 17, Rev. R. Crittenden of this place, organized a new Sunday-school at the “pump station” near Renovo.

—The names of Mrs. Frank Montgomery and Mrs. James Curtin were registered at the Park Hotel, Williamsport, on Thursday.

—Matrimony has not changed essentially since the time of the first man, for they say that Adam was married on his wedding Eve.

—It is announced that Rev. John Hector will lecture at Curtin's Forge next Thursday evening for the benefit of the M. E. church and Sunday-school of that place.

—The meeting of the Pennsylvania State board of agriculture, which was to have been held in Bedford in September, has been postponed until the 15th and 16th of October.

—The man named Mincel who is supposed to hail from Lock Haven and who died in the jail on Wednesday afternoon, after several days of self imposed starvation, was buried on Thursday afternoon.

—The man who came the greatest distance to the G. A. R. encampment was probably Wesley McClain, who was a member of Co. D, 45th regiment. He came all the way from the Democratic State of Georgia.

—There was a disturbance on the street just after the arrival of the 10 a. m. train Friday. It grew out of a misunderstanding between two hack drivers and one attempted to drape the other's eye in mourning. The vigilant conservators of the peace nabbed the offender before he had accomplished his object.

—During a riot in the vicinity of Newton Hamilton campmeeting on Thursday evening a young man from Huntingdon, named William Smear-mund, was stabbed and instantly killed. He was a butcher and is said to have been a disinterested spectator of the affray. The man who committed the crime is not known.

—An effort is being made to render the World's Industrial and Cotton Exposition, to open in New Orleans, La., on the 1st of December, one of the greatest events in the history of this country. The entries must all be made before the 15th of November. We have not sufficient space for any extended reference to it, but full particulars for those who desire to make exhibits can be obtained from A. E. Lewis, Milford, Pa.

—Mr. James McClain circulated among his friends at the Catholic corner stone services on Sunday with a book which we thought, considering Mr. McC's piety and devotion, was a prayer book. But when he extended it to us and we perceived that it was a subscription book imagine our surprise. But our faith in his piety isn't altered one bit by this circumstance, as there is sometimes just about as much religion in a dollar put in the proper place as in the repetition of a long prayer.

—Two of the inmates of the county jail climbed over the walls of that institution on Saturday about 5 o'clock p. m. and made their way from town as rapidly as possible, pursued by a half-dozen boys and men. They were William Blakeston and Roland Reed, the latter of Philadelphia and the former of Phillipsburg. Blakeston's offense was quite a serious one and he is a desperate character. The other man's offense is but trivial. Up to this time they have not been captured, although they probably will be before long.

An Imposing Ceremonial.

On Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock a very large concourse of people assembled near the site of the new Catholic church on Bishop street to witness and take part in the solemn and imposing ceremonial there to be enacted. The service was late in beginning and during the time the congregation waited many persons ascended to the platform which the officiating clergy were to occupy and looked with something like awe at the plain square stone which was to form the corner stone of the grand superstructure.

At about 4 o'clock six priests of the church arrayed in the elaborate and beautiful robes of their sacred office and accompanied by six altar boys issued from the old church building and marched forward to the assigned position. A solemn hush pervaded the large assemblage.

The ceremony consisted of the recital of the beautiful 83d Psalm in low and solemn tones. The clergy, including the Rt. Rev. Bishop Shanahan, of Harrisburg; Rev. James Igoo, of Renovo; Rev. Thomas Gibbons, of the diocese of St. Paul; Rev. Father O'Neil, of Lykens; Rev. Father McIlhenny of Snow Shoe, and Rev. Father McArdle, marched around the church stopping at the spot where will be altar, in the rear. They also, as they passed along, sprinkled consecrated water in all parts of the sacred edifice. The following were placed in a box and deposited in the stone: The names of President Arthur, Governor Pattison, and Rev. Father McArdle; a copy of the *Watchman, Republican, News, Ledger, and Times*, of Philadelphia; *World and Catholic Standard* of New York. The stone was carefully sealed and placed in position.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Shanahan announced his text from the 83d Psalm, 1st and 2d verses:

“How lovely are Thy tabernacles O Lord of hosts! my soul longeth, yea, even fainteth for the courts of the Lord; my heart and my flesh crieth out for the living God.”

The Bishop's discourse was scholarly and eloquent. He illustrated in words of force and earnestness the privilege of those who are members of the universal Catholic church and can honor God with their substance in erecting a beautiful material tabernacle as a place for His abode. There can they flee for refuge from the cares and vexations of the world, there can they have the care and protection of the God of Hosts. He showed also the danger of those who trust to others than the church to interpret God's revealed word. In an impressive and convincing manner he showed the error of infidel, agnostic and materialistic teachings and concluded the beautiful discourse with a declaration of his faith in the perpetuity of the church. Though the earthly tabernacle crumble away yet will the church be united in indissoluble bonds, yet will she dispense her sacraments and bless the nations. While the other priests knelt low near the Bishop the benediction was pronounced and the ceremony was ended.

Farewell to the G. A. R.

It is ended. The “Lambs” tarried with us until last Friday and then departed. It is said that they, with the aid of their friends, have caused 51 kegs of beer to disappear during the week. They are whole-souled, jovial fellows and are gentlemanly in their actions. A lady who knows them well told us on Thursday that not one of their number will do anything to offend the taste of the fastidious and often have they apologized to her for having left fall an unguarded word in her presence.

The flags, arches and bunting are coming down and the town is assuming its usual sober and staid appearance.

The citizens of Bellefonte, with only a few exceptions, have enjoyed it heartily. They are physically weary, by reason of the week's exertions to entertain, but they are abundantly recompensed and will always remember the G. A. R. encampment with pleasure.

Some merchants say it has benefited trade; others that it has injured trade. The former must be correct, for of necessity the thousands who were here consumed more than would have been consumed by the ordinary population.

While it is true that most of the gains rest in the coffers of the hotel-ists and saloonists or the pockets of the booth proprietors and hackmen, yet they are richer and will spend money more freely and it will thus be more generally disseminated.

—There are two men in the jail at Ebensburg in Cambria county who are under sentence of death for murder. Their names are Smith and Murray, and the latter is considered by many people to be of unsound mind.

The Colored Orator.

Rev. John Hector spoke three times in this place on Sunday. In the morning he occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church, in the afternoon he spoke eloquently on the subject of “Temperance” in the Y. M. C. A. hall and again in the evening he officiated in the M. E. church.

On the latter occasion he attracted an immense congregation. The text of his sermon was from Acts 27:31—“Except these abide in the ship, ye cannot be saved.” His subject was “Under orders from our Divine Master” and he adapted the terms and circumstances of the text admirably to those issued by a general in time of war, thus rendering the discourse suitable to the occasion, it being addressed especially to the G. A. R. He showed how much greater trust can be put in the Captain of our Salvation than in any ordinary general. Though, as in ordinary warfare, the followers are often led in ways they know not, yet it is always to victory. We should not refuse to follow merely because we do not understand as much as our Captain, for a soldier in actual battle would often hesitate if he knew beforehand the perils he must encounter. To think of being allied to the army of the Lord without being connected with some branch of His church is as fallacious as to have fought in the late Rebellion without being connected with a regiment. In the latter case the pretended soldier would have been shot for a straggler and in the former equal danger threatens him. We do not remember all the good points of the discourse. They were enforced with vivid illustrations which, though not intended to be humorous, yet produced frequent smiles which occasionally developed into audible laughter.

A special collection was taken at both the morning and evening service for the benefit of the speaker. It is his intention to use this money for his own education and will send to the church thus contributing a statement of all money received.

Spring Mills Notes.

The railroad is now finished as far as Linden Hall and we look for regular trains to run in about three weeks.

The new Grange Hall is about completed.

The Snyder county Post and the Millburg Post, with the Middletown Band, arrived here on Saturday, August 16, and went by train to Centre Hall, and then went foot-back to Bellefonte.

Mr. Rank has repaired the mill dam. He talks of having rollers put in his mill.

Our town is still being improved by the erection of new dwelling houses.

There is great dissatisfaction here among the Democracy over the county ticket. Some of the Democrats of Gregg are mad over the defeat of Mr. John Coldren for Sheriff, and they say he was sold out to a few Centre Hallers and Bellefonters who had advised his friends to kill him and help a prothonotary candidate.

The Republicans are pleased with their county ticket.

—An event which took place on Tuesday afternoon which is certainly worthy of note was a visit made by sixteen members of the 5th Regiment, Penn's Reserves (the late Colonel Dare's regiment) to his widow, Mrs. N. K. Dare, who resides in this place. They were introduced to Mrs. Dare by Mr. James McClain and spent a half-hour in recounting the events of the war which are of such peculiar interest to all of them. The names and residence of those who paid their respects to Mrs. Dare are as follows: Irvin Delaney, Co. E., Warrior's Mark; Henry Robb, Co. E, Nittany; D. H. Miller, Co. G, Altoona; James Bradley, Henry Comer and John Walters, all of Co. E, and residents of Milesburg; J. B. Rank, Co. E, of Phillipsburg; Thos. Hall, Co. G, of Spruce Creek; John M. Rhoads, Co. H, Milton; J. H. Dehaas, Co. C, Shawsville, Clearfield Co.; Thos. J. Painter, Milton; Chas. A. McLaughlin, Co. E, Milesburg; S. M. Kurtz, Jersey Shore; A. H. Dickson, Co. I; Ed Tate, Co. I, Huntingdon; John Ains, Co. E, Huntingdon.

—We regret to state that, because of business engagements, Mr. Bernard Lauth, of Howard, has not sufficient time to make the canvass, for Associate Judge to which office he was nominated by the Republican County Convention, and hence is forced to decline the honor. In view of this vacancy, the Republican County Committee will meet on Saturday next at 11 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of filling it, which it will doubtless do to the satisfaction of the entire party.

—The Mite Society of the Presbyterian church will meet next Friday evening at the home of John P. Harris on Linn street.

Condition of the Miners.

By reason of the stringency in the coal trade during the summer the miners in the Snow Shoe and Phillipsburg regions and in Clearfield county are in a poverty-stricken condition and will need help from those in affluent circumstances during the winter. With the best that can be done, much suffering is in store for them before mining becomes profitable again.

They are a class of people who when they have money spend it freely and their prosperity is the prosperity of other people while their poverty is felt by all the community. They are now resorting to every expedient to keep the wolf from the door. The women and children pick and sell berries and the men in many instances are compelled to leave home in search of work. But these expedients will not be available next winter and a helping hand must be extended to them. By helping them over the trying season, largely we believe produced by Democratic tariff agitation, crime may be averted and an era of better days hastened.

Resolutions of Condolence.

The following resolutions in honor of John R. Baker, deceased, were adopted by Grove Brothers Post 262, G. A. R., at a special meeting held August 15th, 1884:

WHEREAS, In the Providence of Almighty God death has invaded our Post ranks and removed from our midst a kind husband, good citizen, true patriot, highly esteemed and worthy member and competent officer (J. V. C.) of our Post. Therefore,

Resolved, That in bowing our heads in sorrow over this affliction, we recognize—first, life's uncertainty and death's certainty, and second, that in the death of J. R. Baker, we lose the friendship and companionship of a worthy citizen and noble ex-soldier.

Resolved, That the sympathies of this Post are cordially tendered the widow of our departed comrade in her affliction.

Resolved, That a certified copy of these resolutions be published in the county papers, and a copy of the same be presented to the bereaved family.

REV. O. HICKS
D. S. DUNHAM, Com.
ED. W. BARRY

Soldiers' Memorial Church and Historic Tower at Gettysburg.

The corner stone of this granite monument will be laid on Decoration day, 1885. Every stone, window, pew, &c., will bear the name of some soldier who fell in the late war or since. Many of these memorials are now ready, being paid for by G. A. R. posts, comrades and friends of the dead, and here every comrade may have his thank-offering for preservation by placing the name of some dear comrade, with his own as contributor. After completion, a Memorial Book will be written with photographs of all inscriptions and names of all contributors of money or memorials, as names of civilians cannot appear on this structure. Stones and tablets are furnished free, and inscriptions are charged from 30c. to 75c. per letter, according to position. For particulars, address Rev. A. E. Tortat, President Memorial Church Association, Gettysburg, Pa.

—The Sheriff's sale of the personal property of the Keenble Coal and Iron Company, which began at Huntingdon on Thursday, says the *Altoona Times*, is proceeding slowly, the property at the furnaces not having yet been disposed of. After finishing there, the coal mines and the iron ore mines, the latter four in number, are to be visited. The principal purchasers so far have been Nimick & Co., of Pittsburg, who have the largest judgment and the first execution, but few articles having been bought by others. The sale will continue fully a week from the time of beginning. It is understood now that the works will be kept running, probably under the contract of Nimick & Co.

—The surviving members of the One Hundred and Tenth regiment, Penn's veteran volunteers, will hold a reunion in Hollidaysburg on Thursday, October 2, 1884. A very neat circular letter has been issued and sent to all surviving members of the regiment earnestly requesting them to co-operate with the committee and make it a grand success, and urging every one interested to be present. Those who desire to do so should communicate with the secretary, Mr. J. C. Hamilton, Tyrone, Pa., when all information and particulars will be cheerfully forwarded.

—Mr. John Anderson, proprietor of the restaurant and saloon, disposed of 100 barrels of beer from Saturday, the 16th, to Friday, the 23d. This would aggregate about \$7,000 drinks, and at 5 cents per drink \$2,880. If the five or six other places did as well it would aggregate about \$14,000, or estimating at only half as much it would still be \$7,000, or a total of \$9,880 for beer.

Personal Penicillings.

Dr. Kishel has removed from Centre Hall to Potters Mills.

Rev. W. K. Foster and wife viewed the Falls of Niagara last week.

Elliot Lane returned home Friday morning after an extended absence.

Rev. W. X. Foster and lady of Centre Hall, returned from Niagara on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Moyer, of Osceola, have been in Bellefonte since Saturday.

Prof. D. M. Wolf, county superintendent of schools, was in Bellefonte Thursday evening.

Mr. C. W. Scott, the Williamsport book agent, arrived in Bellefonte on Friday at 5 o'clock.

R. M. Magee, Esq., attended the Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of Pennsylvania, at Lancaster.

Mr. Q. A. Daniels departed again for Williamsport on Thursday. Mrs. D. will remain here for the present.

Rev. Mr. Palmer, of Williamsport, and formerly of the A. M. E. church in this place, has been in town the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Fleming are peculiarly fortunate and the ex-Burgess is as happy as a big sun flower. It's a 9-pound boy.

Mrs. C. A. Lindsey, of Houtzville, is visiting her friend, Miss Fannie Grey, at Mr. E. T. Tuten's residence on Linn street.

Messrs. George Fox and Joseph Koehler, of Renovo, are guests of their relatives, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Sawely, of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jones, of Lewisburg, who have been guests at Mr. Garman's residence, departed for home Thursday morning.

Mr. W. B. Miller, who represents the interest of Speece, Miller & Co., of Philadelphia, was transacting business in Bellefonte last Thursday.

Rev. Mr. Beach and lady, who have been visiting in Bellefonte during the past five weeks departed on Thursday for their home near Baltimore, Md.

Mr. William Bridge, of Clearfield, accompanied by his sister Miss Kate Bridge, are guests at the home of Mrs. Susan Weaver on Howard street.

Mr. Samuel Brooks, the solicitor and collector for the *Bellefonte Republican*, accompanied by his sister, started on Tuesday for a brief visit at Cape May.

Mr. Given, of Philadelphia, son-in-law of Geo. Weaver, Esq., departed for that city on Saturday, his family expecting to remain here a few weeks longer.

Mr. I. D. Garman, son of Daniel Garman, Esq., departed on Saturday for Coatsville, after a pleasant visit of two months at his parents' home in this place.

Comrade John Emery, of Williamsport, attended the reunion of the 45th regiment in this place on Wednesday. He was a member of Company I.

Mr. A. C. Moyer, of Osceola, has departed again for that place after a pleasant visit. Mrs. M. and child will remain with her friends here a few days longer.

Miss Jennie Tome, of Jersey Shore, Lycoming county, and Mrs. Alexander and daughter of Port Deposit, Md., are guests at the residence of D. G. Bush, Esq.

Wm. Reeser, of Co. D, 45th regiment, is a resident of Cleveland, Ohio, but exhibited his interest in the affairs of that organization by coming all the way to Bellefonte to attend the reunion.

Mrs. Matilda M. Saylor, of New York, who has been the guest of her niece, Mrs. R. M. Magee, departed on Saturday, the 16th. Miss Henrietta Davis, of the same city, who is also an aunt of Mrs. M., is still tarrying at her pleasant home on Curtin street.

Miss Mary Huston, a handsome and vivacious young lady from Clearfield, and a niece of Col. Jas. P. Coburn, tarried a short time in Bellefonte on Monday and Tuesday of last week on her way home from an extended visit among friends in Penns and Nittany valleys.

Miss M. E. Hamilton, the lady who has written such bright and sparkling letters from Bellefonte to the *Philadelphia Times* during the encampment, departed for Washington City, D. C., on the Friday morning train. She is regularly engaged in the Pension Department in that city and is deputized only on special occasions to report events of importance for metropolitan journals. She is severely conscientious in the work she performs and probably for that reason finds that her health is unable to stand the severe strain which the work entails.

—There was a hailstorm in New York State the other day which destroyed \$50,000 worth of fruit, the hailstones being the size of ordinary marbles.

Pointers on the Street.

On Curtin street a new and quite pretty house is being erected on the site of Bond Valentine's which was destroyed by fire several months ago.

The bed of scarlet geraniums in the yard surrounding Gen. Beaver's fine residence presents a brilliant appearance.

A large force of workmen are employed on Major Wm. F. Reynolds' new residence.

It is a mistake to suppose that the streams of water flowing over each side of the High street bridge, as was the case on Friday, will tend to preserve the woodwork of that structure. Some other channel should be made for the surplus water.

—During the recent illness and death of the little child of Mr. John Sailor of Coleville, the friends and neighbors tendered the bereaved relatives numerous acts of great kindness. Mr. Sailor is grateful for what was done by them and we are requested to convey to them his thanks through these columns. Those who perform an act of kindness are repaid for it three-fold because of the satisfaction it gives; and when the recipient is thus grateful it becomes a real blessing to all, the benefits of which are more enduring than a marble monument or the applause of a multitude.

They Enjoyed Themselves.

We copy the following from the *Tyrone correspondence* of the *Altoona Tribune*. It is a high testimonial to Bellefonte hospitality:

The members of Post 172, Grand Army of the Republic, a majority of whom have returned home, with one accord proclaim that they never in all their lives spent a season of real enjoyment such as the jollification and merriment experienced at Camp Curtin during the last few days. Naught but pleasant words were interchanged, and since pleasant words are as a honey comb sweet to the soul and health to the bones, their looking so well can be accounted for.

—John Brachbill's Sons removed the beautiful decorations from their store Friday morning. They were, we think, considering the amount of surface to decorate, about the handsomest in Bellefonte, consisting of a profusion of flags and bunting and a portrait of Lincoln signing the Proclamation of Emancipation. Those on D. G. Bush's residence, next door, were also handsome, rendered more so by the electric light at the entrance, which reflects its brilliant illumination on all surrounding objects.

Large Purchase of Land.

The *Port Allegheny Reporter* says that B. D. and H. Hamlin, of Smithport, have purchased the entire interest of the Keating estate in that part of the state. The price is said to be \$500,000. The property consists of 70,000 acres of land in Potter county; 5,000 acres in Clinton county; 5,000 acres in Clearfield county, and 10,000 in McKean county; also a large number of contracts for land sold and partly paid for.

Foot Mashed.

The Lock Haven Democrat says that on Thursday morning, while endeavoring to jump on a morning freight train at Clinton Avenue, in that city, Charles Spangler, of Rebersburg, made a misstep and, falling with one of his feet on the rail, had it severely mashed. Dr. Watson, the company's physician, gave the wounded man necessary attention.

—Eliphas Bush, a son of the late Dr. Bush, of Buffalo Run, wandered from his home several weeks ago and has not been heard from since. He is about 30 years of age and is subject to falling fits. His brother-in-law, T. C. Rumbarger, of Phillipsburg, will be grateful for any information concerning him.

—Mrs. Witmer, widow of the late Henry Witmer, of Centre Hall died in that place on Monday, the 18th. She was a well known and much respected lady. Her funeral took place on Thursday.

—Wayne Station camp-meeting has been quite successful this year and the careful and consistent policy of its management merits success.

—The time for early closing of business houses will soon expire. Why not prolong the time another month?

—General dullness will prevail now until Monday next, when court will begin, to continue only one week.

—The cooler atmosphere is welcome to most people.

MARRIED.

POULSEN—REBER.—In Howard, on the evening of Wednesday, August 26, by Rev. O. Hicks, R. F. Poulsen and Miss L. Reber.

DIED.

EMERICK.—On the 11th inst., at Saydortown, this county, Miss Clara E. Emerick, aged 23 years, 11 months and 10 days.

MILLER.—On the 19th of August, at Millheim, Mr. B. F. Miller, aged 35 years, 6 months and 21 days.